



Livestock Mandatory Reporting

LMR Act of 1999

as Reauthorized on September 30, 2015

LMR Regulation & Reporting Forms

as Amended on August 11, 2016

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Marketing Service
Livestock and Poultry Program
Livestock, Poultry, and Grain Market News

Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, Title II, Subtitle B

[Note: While this publication does not represent an official version of any Federal statute, substantial efforts have been made to ensure the accuracy of its contents. The official version of Federal law is found in the United States Statutes at Large and in the United States Code. The legal effect to be given to the Statutes at Large and the United States Code is established by statute (1 U.S.C. 112, 204).]

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Subtitle B—Livestock Mandatory Reporting⁶

CHAPTER 1—PURPOSE; DEFINITIONS

SEC. 211. [7 U.S.C. 1635] PURPOSE.

The purpose of this subtitle is to establish a program of information regarding the marketing of cattle, swine, lambs, and products of such livestock that—

- (1) provides information that can be readily understood by producers, packers, and other market participants, including information with respect to the pricing, contracting for purchase, and supply and demand conditions for livestock, livestock production, and livestock products;
- (2) improves the price and supply reporting services of the Department of Agriculture; and
- (3) encourages competition in the marketplace for livestock and livestock products.

SEC. 212. [7 U.S.C. 1635a] DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) **BASE PRICE.**—The term “base price” means the price paid for livestock, delivered at the packing plant, before application of any premiums or discounts, expressed in dollars per hundred pounds of carcass weight.
- (2) **BASIS LEVEL.**—The term “basis level” means the agreed-on adjustment to a future price to establish the final price paid for livestock.
- (3) **CURRENT SLAUGHTER WEEK.**—The term “current slaughter week” means the period beginning Monday, and ending Sunday, of the week in which a reporting day occurs.
- (4) **F.O.B.**—The term “F.O.B.” means free on board, regardless of the mode of transportation, at the point of direct shipment by the seller to the buyer.
- (5) **LIVESTOCK.**—The term “livestock” means cattle, swine, and lambs.
- (6) **LOT.**—The term “lot” means a group of one or more livestock that is identified for the purpose of a single transaction between a buyer and a seller.
- (7) **MARKETING.**—The term “marketing” means the sale or other disposition of livestock, livestock products, or meat or meat food products in commerce.
- (8) **NEGOTIATED PURCHASE.**—The term “negotiated purchase” means a cash or spot market purchase by a packer of livestock from a producer under which—
 - (A) the base price for the livestock is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement on a day; and

⁶This subtitle was added by section 911(2) of title IX of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2000 (Public Law 106-78). Section 942 of that title (113 Stat. 1211; 7 U.S.C. 1635 note), as amended by section 1 of Public Law 108-444 (118 Stat. 2635), section 1(b) of Public Law 109-296 (120 Stat. 1464), and section 2(a)(2) of Public Law 111-239 (124 Stat. 2501), provides that: “The authority provided by this title and the amendments made by this title (other than section 911 of subtitle A and the amendments made by that section) terminate on September 30, 2015.”

(B) the livestock are scheduled for delivery to the packer not later than 14 days after the date on which the livestock are committed to the packer.

(9) NEGOTIATED SALE.—The term “negotiated sale” means a cash or spot market sale by a producer of livestock to a packer under which—

(A) the base price for the livestock is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement on a day; and

(B) the livestock are scheduled for delivery to the packer not later than 14 days after the date on which the livestock are committed to the packer.

(10) PRIOR SLAUGHTER WEEK.—The term “prior slaughter week” means the Monday through Sunday prior to a reporting day.

(11) PRODUCER.—The term “producer” means any person engaged in the business of selling livestock to a packer for slaughter (including the sale of livestock from a packer to another packer).

(12) REPORTING DAY.—The term “reporting day” means a day on which—

(A) a packer conducts business regarding livestock committed to the packer, or livestock purchased, sold, or slaughtered by the packer;

(B) the Secretary is required to make information concerning the business described in subparagraph (A) available to the public; and

(C) the Department of Agriculture is open to conduct business.

(13) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(14) STATE.—The term “State” means each of the 50 States.

CHAPTER 2—CATTLE REPORTING

SEC. 221. [7 U.S.C. 1635d] DEFINITIONS.

In this chapter:

(1) CATTLE COMMITTED.—The term “cattle committed” means cattle that are scheduled to be delivered to a packer within the 7-day period beginning on the date of an agreement to sell the cattle.

(2) CATTLE TYPE.—The term “cattle type” means the following types of cattle purchased for slaughter:

(A) Fed steers.

(B) Fed heifers.

(C) Fed Holsteins and other fed dairy steers and heifers.

(D) Cows.

(E) Bulls.

(3) FORMULA MARKETING ARRANGEMENT.—The term “formula marketing arrangement” means the advance commitment of cattle for slaughter by any means other than through a negotiated purchase or a forward contract, using a method for

calculating price in which the price is determined at a future date.

(4) FORWARD CONTRACT.—The term “forward contract” means—

(A) an agreement for the purchase of cattle, executed in advance of slaughter, under which the base price is established by reference to—

(i) prices quoted on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange; or

(ii) other comparable publicly available prices; or

(B) such other forward contract as the Secretary determines to be applicable.

(5) PACKER.—The term “packer” means any person engaged in the business of buying cattle in commerce for purposes of slaughter, of manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products from cattle for sale or shipment in commerce, or of marketing meats or meat food products from cattle in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesale broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce, except that—

(A) the term includes only a cattle processing plant that is federally inspected;

(B) for any calendar year, the term includes only a cattle processing plant that slaughtered an average of at least 125,000 head of cattle per year during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years; and

(C) in the case of a cattle processing plant that did not slaughter cattle during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years, the Secretary shall consider the plant capacity of the processing plant in determining whether the processing plant should be considered a packer under this chapter.

(6) PACKER-OWNED CATTLE.—The term “packer-owned cattle” means cattle that a packer owns for at least 14 days immediately before slaughter.

(7) TERMS OF TRADE.—The term “terms of trade” includes, with respect to the purchase of cattle for slaughter—

(A) whether a packer provided any financing agreement or arrangement with regard to the cattle;

(B) whether the delivery terms specified the location of the producer or the location of the packer’s plant;

(C) whether the producer is able to unilaterally specify the date and time during the business day of the packer that the cattle are to be delivered for slaughter; and

(D) the percentage of cattle purchased by a packer as a negotiated purchase that are delivered to the plant for slaughter more than 7 days, but fewer than 14 days, after the earlier of—

(i) the date on which the cattle were committed to the packer; or

(ii) the date on which the cattle were purchased by the packer.

(8) TYPE OF PURCHASE.—The term “type of purchase”, with respect to cattle, means—

(A) a negotiated purchase;

- (B) a formula market arrangement; and
- (C) a forward contract.

SEC. 222. [7 U.S.C. 1635e] MANDATORY REPORTING FOR LIVE CATTLE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a program of live cattle price information reporting that will—

- (1) provide timely, accurate, and reliable market information;
- (2) facilitate more informed marketing decisions; and
- (3) promote competition in the cattle slaughtering industry.

(b) GENERAL REPORTING PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO PACKERS AND THE SECRETARY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever the prices or quantities of cattle are required to be reported or published under this section, the prices or quantities shall be categorized so as to clearly delineate—

- (A) the prices or quantities, as applicable, of the cattle purchased in the domestic market; and
- (B) the prices or quantities, as applicable, of imported cattle.

(2) PACKER-OWNED CATTLE.—Information required under this section for packer-owned cattle shall include quantity and carcass characteristics, but not price.

(c) DAILY REPORTING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary at least twice each reporting day (including once not later than 10:00 a.m. Central Time and once not later than 2:00 p.m. Central Time) the following information for each cattle type:

- (A) The prices for cattle (per hundredweight) established on that day, categorized by—
 - (i) type of purchase;
 - (ii) the quantity of cattle purchased on a live weight basis;
 - (iii) the quantity of cattle purchased on a dressed weight basis;
 - (iv) a range of the estimated live weights of the cattle purchased;
 - (v) an estimate of the percentage of the cattle purchased that were of a quality grade of choice or better; and
 - (vi) any premiums or discounts associated with—
 - (I) weight, grade, or yield; or
 - (II) any type of purchase.

- (B) The quantity of cattle delivered to the packer (quoted in numbers of head) on that day, categorized by—
 - (i) type of purchase;
 - (ii) the quantity of cattle delivered on a live weight basis; and
 - (iii) the quantity of cattle delivered on a dressed weight basis.

(C) The quantity of cattle committed to the packer (quoted in numbers of head) as of that day, categorized by—

- (i) type of purchase;
- (ii) the quantity of cattle committed on a live weight basis; and
- (iii) the quantity of cattle committed on a dressed weight basis.

(D) The terms of trade regarding the cattle, as applicable.

(2) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make the information available to the public not less frequently than three times each reporting day.

(d) WEEKLY REPORTING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary, on the first reporting day of each week, not later than 9:00 a.m. Central Time, the following information applicable to the prior slaughter week:

(A) The quantity of cattle purchased through a forward contract that were slaughtered.

(B) The quantity of cattle delivered under a formula marketing arrangement that were slaughtered.

(C) The quantity and carcass characteristics of packer-owned cattle that were slaughtered.

(D) The quantity, basis level, and delivery month for all cattle purchased through forward contracts that were agreed to by the parties.

(E) The range and average of intended premiums and discounts that are expected to be in effect for the current slaughter week.

(2) FORMULA PURCHASES.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary, on the first reporting day of each week, not later than 9:00 a.m. Central Time, the following information for cattle purchased through a formula marketing arrangement and slaughtered during the prior slaughter week:

(A) The quantity (quoted in both numbers of head and hundredweights) of cattle.

(B) The weighted average price paid for a carcass, including applicable premiums and discounts.

(C) The range of premiums and discounts paid.

(D) The weighted average of premiums and discounts paid.

(E) The range of prices paid.

(F) The aggregate weighted average price paid for a carcass.

(G) The terms of trade regarding the cattle, as applicable.

(3) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make available to the public the information obtained under paragraphs (1) and (2) on the first reporting day of the current slaughter week, not later than 10:00 a.m. Central Time.

(e) REGIONAL REPORTING OF CATTLE TYPES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall determine whether adequate data can be obtained on a regional basis for fed Holsteins and other fed dairy steers and heifers, cows, and bulls based on the number of packers required to report under this section.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report on the determination of the Secretary under paragraph (1).

SEC. 223. [7 U.S.C. 1635f] MANDATORY PACKER REPORTING OF BOXED BEEF SALES.

(a) DAILY REPORTING.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary at least twice each reporting day (not less than once before, and once after, 12:00 noon Central Time) information on total boxed beef sales, including—

(1) the price for each lot of each negotiated boxed beef sale (determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement), quoted in dollars per hundredweight (on a F.O.B. plant basis);

(2) the quantity for each lot of each sale, quoted by number of boxes sold; and

(3) information regarding the characteristics of each lot of each sale, including—

(A) the grade of beef (USDA Choice or better, USDA Select, or ungraded no-roll product);

(B) the cut of beef; and

(C) the trim specification.

(b) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make available to the public the information required to be reported under subsection (a) not less frequently than twice each reporting day.

CHAPTER 3—SWINE REPORTING

SEC. 231. [7 U.S.C. 1635i] DEFINITIONS.

In this chapter:

(1) AFFILIATE.—The term “affiliate”, with respect to a packer, means—

(A) a person that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, 5 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of the packer;

(B) a person 5 percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with power to vote, by the packer; and

(C) a person that directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by or under common control with, the packer.

(2) APPLICABLE REPORTING PERIOD.—The term “applicable reporting period” means the period of time prescribed by the prior day report, the morning report, and the afternoon report, as required under section 232(c).

(3) BARROW.—The term “barrow” means a neutered male swine.

(4) **BASE MARKET HOG.**—The term “base market hog” means a barrow or gilt for which no discounts are subtracted from and no premiums are added to the base price.

(5) **BOAR.**—The term “boar” means a sexually-intact male swine.

(6) **FORMULA PRICE.**—The term “formula price” means a price determined by a mathematical formula under which the price established for a specified market serves as the basis for the formula.

(7) **GILT.**—The term “gilt” means a young female swine that has not produced a litter.

(8) **HOG CLASS.**—The term “hog class” means, as applicable—

- (A) barrows or gilts;
- (B) sows; or
- (C) boars or stags.

(9) **NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASE.**—The term “negotiated formula purchase” means a swine or pork market formula purchase under which—

(A) the formula is determined by negotiation on a lot-by-lot basis; and

(B) the swine are scheduled for delivery to the packer not later than 14 days after the date on which the formula is negotiated and swine are committed to the packer.

(10) **NONCARCASS MERIT PREMIUM.**—The term “noncarcass merit premium” means an increase in the base price of the swine offered by an individual packer or packing plant, based on any factor other than the characteristics of the carcass, if the actual amount of the premium is known before the sale and delivery of the swine.

(11) **OTHER MARKET FORMULA PURCHASE.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The term “other market formula purchase” means a purchase of swine by a packer in which the pricing mechanism is a formula price based on any market other than the market for swine, pork, or a pork product.

(B) **INCLUSION.**—The term “other market formula purchase” includes a formula purchase in a case in which the price formula is based on one or more futures or options contracts.

(12) **OTHER PURCHASE ARRANGEMENT.**—The term “other purchase arrangement” means a purchase of swine by a packer that—

(A) is not a negotiated purchase, swine or pork market formula purchase, negotiated formula purchase, or other market formula purchase; and

(B) does not involve packer-owned swine.

(13) **PACKER.**—The term “packer” means any person engaged in the business of buying swine in commerce for purposes of slaughter, of manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products from swine for sale or shipment in commerce, or of marketing meats or meat food products from swine in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesale broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce, except that—

(A) the term includes only a swine processing plant that is federally inspected;

(B) for any calendar year, the term includes only—

(i) a swine processing plant that slaughtered an average of at least 100,000 swine per year during the immediately preceding five calendar years; and

(ii) a person that slaughtered an average of at least 200,000 sows, boars, or any combination thereof, per year during the immediately preceding five calendar years; and

(C) in the case of a swine processing plant or person that did not slaughter swine during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years, the Secretary shall consider the plant capacity of the processing plant or person in determining whether the processing plant or person should be considered a packer under this chapter.

(14) **PACKER-OWNED SWINE.**—The term “packer-owned swine” means swine that a packer (including a subsidiary or affiliate of the packer) owns for at least 14 days immediately before slaughter.

(15) **PACKER-SOLD SWINE.**—The term “packer-sold swine” means the swine that are—

(A) owned by a packer (including a subsidiary or affiliate of the packer) for more than 14 days immediately before sale for slaughter; and

(B) sold for slaughter to another packer.

(16) **PORK.**—The term “pork” means the meat of a porcine animal.

(17) **PORK PRODUCT.**—The term “pork product” means a product or byproduct produced or processed in whole or in part from pork.

(18) **PURCHASE DATA.**—The term “purchase data” means all of the applicable data, including weight (if purchased live), for all swine purchased during the applicable reporting period, regardless of the expected delivery date of the swine, reported by—

(A) hog class;

(B) type of purchase; and

(C) packer-owned swine.

(19) **SLAUGHTER DATA.**—The term “slaughter data” means all of the applicable data for all swine slaughtered by a packer during the applicable reporting period, regardless of when the price of the swine was negotiated or otherwise determined, reported by—

(A) hog class;

(B) type of purchase; and

(C) packer-owned swine.

(20) **SOW.**—The term “sow” means an adult female swine that has produced one or more litters.

(21) **SWINE.**—The term “swine” means a porcine animal raised to be a feeder pig, raised for seedstock, or raised for slaughter.

(22) **SWINE OR PORK MARKET FORMULA PURCHASE.**—The term “swine or pork market formula purchase” means a pur-

chase of swine by a packer in which the pricing mechanism is a formula price based on a market for swine, pork, or a pork product, other than a future or option for swine, pork, or a pork product.

(23) **TYPE OF PURCHASE.**—The term “type of purchase”, with respect to swine, means—

- (A) a negotiated purchase;
- (B) other market formula purchase;
- (C) a swine or pork market formula purchase;
- (D) a negotiated formula purchase; and
- (E) other purchase arrangement.

SEC. 232. [7 U.S.C. 1635j] MANDATORY REPORTING FOR SWINE.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary shall establish a program of swine price information reporting that will—

- (1) provide timely, accurate, and reliable market information;
- (2) facilitate more informed marketing decisions; and
- (3) promote competition in the swine slaughtering industry.

(b) **GENERAL REPORTING PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO PACKERS AND THE SECRETARY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall establish and implement a price reporting program in accordance with this section that includes the reporting and publication of information required under this section.

(2) **PACKER-OWNED SWINE.**—Information required under this section for packer-owned swine shall include quantity and carcass characteristics, but not price.

(3) **PACKER-SOLD SWINE.**—If information regarding the type of purchase is required under this section, the information shall be reported according to the numbers and percentages of each type of purchase comprising—

- (A) packer-sold swine; and
- (B) all other swine.

(4) **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.**—

(A) **REVIEW.**—The Secretary shall review the information required to be reported by packers under this section at least once every 2 years.

(B) **OUTDATED INFORMATION.**—After public notice and an opportunity for comment, subject to subparagraph (C), the Secretary shall promulgate regulations that specify additional information that shall be reported under this section if the Secretary determines under the review under subparagraph (A) that—

(i) information that is currently required no longer accurately reflects the methods by which swine are valued and priced by packers; or

(ii) packers that slaughter a significant majority of the swine produced in the United States no longer use backfat or lean percentage factors as indicators of price.

(C) LIMITATION.—Under subparagraph (B), the Secretary may not require packers to provide any new or additional information that—

- (i) is not generally available or maintained by packers; or
- (ii) would be otherwise unduly burdensome to provide.

(c) DAILY REPORTING; BARROWS AND GILTS.—

(1) PRIOR DAY REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant that processes barrows or gilts shall report to the Secretary, for each business day of the packer, such information as the Secretary determines necessary and appropriate to—

- (i) comply with the publication requirements of this section; and
- (ii) provide for the timely access to the information by producers, packers, and other market participants.

(B) REPORTING DEADLINE AND PLANTS REQUIRED TO REPORT.—A packer required to report under subparagraph (A) shall—

- (i) not later than 7:00 a.m. Central Time on each reporting day, report information regarding all barrows and gilts purchased or priced, and
- (ii) not later than 9:00 a.m. Central Time on each reporting day, report information regarding all barrows and gilts slaughtered,

during the prior business day of the packer.

(C) INFORMATION REQUIRED.—The information from the prior business day of a packer required under this paragraph shall include—

- (i) all purchase data, including—
 - (I) the total number of—
 - (aa) barrows and gilts purchased; and
 - (bb) barrows and gilts scheduled for delivery; and
 - (II) the base price and purchase data for slaughtered barrows and gilts for which a price has been established;
- (ii) all slaughter data for the total number of barrows and gilts slaughtered, including—
 - (I) information concerning the net price, which shall be equal to the total amount paid by a packer to a producer (including all premiums, less all discounts) per hundred pounds of carcass weight of barrows and gilts delivered at the plant—

- (aa) including any sum deducted from the price per hundredweight paid to a producer that reflects the repayment of a balance owed by the producer to the packer or the accumu-

lation of a balance to later be repaid by the packer to the producer; and

(bb) excluding any sum earlier paid to a producer that must later be repaid to the packer;

(II) information concerning the average net price, which shall be equal to the quotient (stated per hundred pounds of carcass weight of barrows and gilts) obtained by dividing—

(aa) the total amount paid for the barrows and gilts slaughtered at a packing plant during the applicable reporting period, including all premiums and discounts, and including any sum deducted from the price per hundredweight paid to a producer that reflects the repayment of a balance owed by the producer to the packer, or the accumulation of a balance to later be repaid by the packer to the producer, less all discounts; by

(bb) the total carcass weight (in hundred pound increments) of the barrows and gilts;

(III) information concerning the lowest net price, which shall be equal to the lowest net price paid for a single lot or a group of barrows or gilts slaughtered at a packing plant during the applicable reporting period per hundred pounds of carcass weight of barrows and gilts;

(IV) information concerning the highest net price, which shall be equal to the highest net price paid for a single lot or group of barrows or gilts slaughtered at a packing plant during the applicable reporting period per hundred pounds of carcass weight of barrows and gilts;

(V) the average carcass weight, which shall be equal to the quotient obtained by dividing—

(aa) the total carcass weight of the barrows and gilts slaughtered at the packing plant during the applicable reporting period, by

(bb) the number of the barrows and gilts described in item (aa),

adjusted for special slaughter situations (such as skinning or foot removal), as the Secretary determines necessary to render comparable carcass weights;

(VI) the average sort loss, which shall be equal to the average discount (in dollars per hundred pounds carcass weight) for barrows and gilts slaughtered during the applicable reporting period, resulting from the fact that the barrows and gilts did not fall within the individual packer's established carcass weight or lot variation range;

(VII) the average backfat, which shall be equal to the average of the backfat thickness (in

inches) measured between the third and fourth from the last ribs, 7 centimeters from the carcass split (or adjusted from the individual packer's measurement to that reference point using an adjustment made by the Secretary) of the barrows and gilts slaughtered during the applicable reporting period;

(VIII) the average lean percentage, which shall be equal to the average percentage of the carcass weight comprised of lean meat for the barrows and gilts slaughtered during the applicable reporting period, except that when a packer is required to report the average lean percentage under this subclause, the packer shall make available to the Secretary the underlying data, applicable methodology and formulae, and supporting materials used to determine the average lean percentage, which the Secretary may convert to the carcass measurements or lean percentage of the barrows and gilts of the individual packer to correlate to a common percent lean measurement; and

(IX) the total slaughter quantity, which shall be equal to the total number of barrows and gilts slaughtered during the applicable reporting period, including all types of purchases and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine; and

(iii) packer purchase commitments, which shall be equal to the number of barrows and gilts scheduled for delivery to a packer for slaughter for each of the next 14 calendar days.

(D) PUBLICATION.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall publish the information obtained under this paragraph in a prior day report—

(I) in the case of information regarding barrows and gilts purchased or priced, not later than 8:00 a.m. Central Time, and

(II) in the case of information regarding barrows and gilts slaughtered, not later than 10:00 a.m. Central Time,

on the reporting day on which the information is received from the packer.

(ii) PRICE DISTRIBUTIONS.—The information published by the Secretary under clause (i) shall include—

(I) a distribution of net prices in the range between and including the lowest net price and the highest net price reported;

(II) a delineation of the number of barrows and gilts at each reported price level or, at the option of the Secretary, the number of barrows and gilts within each of a series of reasonable price bands within the range of prices; and

(III) the total number and weighted average price of barrows and gilts purchased through negotiated purchases and negotiated formula purchases.

(2) MORNING REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant that processes barrows or gilts shall report to the Secretary not later than 10:00 a.m. Central Time each reporting day—

(i) the packer's best estimate of the total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, expected to be purchased throughout the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(ii) the total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, purchased up to that time of the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(iii) the base price paid for all base market hogs purchased up to that time of the reporting day through negotiated purchases; and

(iv) the base price paid for all base market hogs purchased through each type of purchase other than negotiated purchase up to that time of the reporting day, unless such information is unavailable due to pricing that is determined on a delayed basis.

(B) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall publish the information obtained under this paragraph in the morning report as soon as practicable, but not later than 11:00 a.m. Central Time, on each reporting day.

(3) AFTERNOON REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant that processes barrows or gilts shall report to the Secretary not later than 2:00 p.m. Central Time each reporting day—

(i) the packer's best estimate of the total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, expected to be purchased throughout the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(ii) the total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, purchased up to that time of the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(iii) the base price paid for all base market hogs purchased up to that time of the reporting day through negotiated purchases; and

(iv) the base price paid for all base market hogs purchased up to that time of the reporting day through each type of purchase other than negotiated purchase, unless such information is unavailable due to pricing that is determined on a delayed basis.

(B) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall publish the information obtained under this paragraph in the afternoon report as soon as practicable, but not later than 3:00 p.m. Central Time, on each reporting day.

(C) LATE IN THE DAY REPORT INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall include in the morning report and the afternoon report for the following day any information required to be reported under subparagraph (A) that is obtained after the time of the reporting day specified in that subparagraph.

(d) DAILY REPORTING; SOWS AND BOARS.—

(1) PRIOR DAY REPORT.—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer of sows and boars shall report to the Secretary, for each business day of the packer, such information reported by hog class as the Secretary determines necessary and appropriate to—

(A) comply with the publication requirements of this section; and

(B) provide for the timely access to the information by producers, packers, and other market participants.

(2) REPORTING.—Not later than 9:30 a.m. Central Time, or such other time as the Secretary considers appropriate, on each reporting day, a packer required to report under paragraph (1) shall report information regarding all sows and boars purchased or priced during the prior business day of the packer.

(3) INFORMATION REQUIRED.—The information from the prior business day of a packer required under this subsection shall include all purchase data, including—

(A) the total number of sows purchased and the total number of boars purchased, each divided into at least three reasonable and meaningful weight classes specified by the Secretary;

(B) the number of sows that qualify as packer-owned swine;

(C) the number of boars that qualify as packer-owned swine;

(D) the average price paid for all sows;

(E) the average price paid for all boars;

(F) the average price paid for sows in each weight class specified by the Secretary under subparagraph (A);

(G) the average price paid for boars in each weight class specified by the Secretary under subparagraph (A);

(H) the number of sows and the number of boars for which prices are determined, by each type of purchase;

(I) the average prices for sows and the average prices for boars for which prices are determined, by each type of purchase; and

(J) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate to carry out this subsection.

(4) PRICE CALCULATIONS WITHOUT PACKER-OWNED SWINE.—A packer shall omit the prices of sows and boars that qualify as packer-owned swine from all average price calculations,

price range calculations, and reports required by this subsection.

(5) **REPORTING EXCEPTION: PUBLIC AUCTION PURCHASES.**—The information required to be reported under this subsection shall not include purchases of sows or boars made by agents of the reporting packer at a public auction at which the title of the sows and boars is transferred directly from the producer to such packer.

(6) **PUBLICATION.**—The Secretary shall publish the information obtained under this paragraph in a prior day report not later than 11:00 a.m. Central Time on the reporting day on which the information is received from the packer.

(7) **ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION.**—The Secretary of Agriculture shall provide for the electronic submission of any information required to be reported under this subsection through an Internet website or equivalent electronic means maintained by the Department of Agriculture.

(e) **WEEKLY NONCARCASS MERIT PREMIUM REPORT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 4:00 p.m. Central Time on the first reporting day of each week, the corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary a noncarcass merit premium report that lists—

(A) each category of standard noncarcass merit premiums used by the packer in the prior slaughter week; and

(B) the amount (in dollars per hundred pounds of carcass weight) paid to producers by the packer, by category.

(2) **PREMIUM LIST.**—A packer shall maintain and make available to a producer, on request, a current listing of the dollar values (per hundred pounds of carcass weight) of each noncarcass merit premium used by the packer during the current or the prior slaughter week.

(3) **AVAILABILITY.**—A packer shall not be required to pay a listed noncarcass merit premium to a producer that meets the requirements for the premium if the need for swine in a given category is filled at a particular point in time.

(4) **PUBLICATION.**—The Secretary shall publish the information obtained under this subsection as soon as practicable, but not later than 5:00 p.m. Central Time, on the first reporting day of each week.

SEC. 233. [7 U.S.C. 1635k] MANDATORY REPORTING OF WHOLESALE PORK CUTS.

(a) **REPORTING.**—The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer shall report to the Secretary information concerning the price and volume of wholesale pork cuts, as the Secretary determines is necessary and appropriate.

(b) **PUBLICATION.**—The Secretary shall publish information reported under subsection (a) as the Secretary determines necessary and appropriate.

CHAPTER 4—LAMB REPORTING**SEC. 241. [7 U.S.C. 1635m] MANDATORY REPORTING FOR LAMBS.**

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary may establish a program of mandatory lamb price information reporting that will—

- (1) provide timely, accurate, and reliable market information;
- (2) facilitate more informed marketing decisions; and
- (3) promote competition in the lamb slaughtering industry.

(b) **NOTICE AND COMMENT.**—If the Secretary establishes a mandatory price reporting program under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide an opportunity for comment on proposed regulations to establish the program during the 30-day period beginning on the date of the publication of the proposed regulations.

CHAPTER 5—ADMINISTRATION**SEC. 251. [7 U.S.C. 1636] GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

(a) **CONFIDENTIALITY.**—The Secretary shall make available to the public information, statistics, and documents obtained from, or submitted by, packers, retail entities, and other persons under this subtitle in a manner that ensures that confidentiality is preserved regarding—

- (1) the identity of persons, including parties to a contract; and
- (2) proprietary business information.

(b) **DISCLOSURE BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), no officer, employee, or agent of the United States shall, without the consent of the packer or other person concerned, divulge or make known in any manner, any facts or information regarding the business of the packer or other person that was acquired through reporting required under this subtitle.

(2) **EXCEPTIONS.**—Information obtained by the Secretary under this subtitle may be disclosed—

- (A) to agents or employees of the Department of Agriculture in the course of their official duties under this subtitle;
- (B) as directed by the Secretary or the Attorney General, for enforcement purposes; or
- (C) by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(3) **DISCLOSURE UNDER FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no facts or information obtained under this subtitle shall be disclosed in accordance with section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

(c) **REPORTING BY PACKERS.**—A packer shall report all information required under this subtitle on an individual lot basis.

(d) **REGIONAL REPORTING AND AGGREGATION.**—The Secretary shall make information obtained under this subtitle available to the public only in a manner that—

- (1) ensures that the information is published on a national and a regional or statewide basis as the Secretary determines to be appropriate;
- (2) ensures that the identity of a reporting person is not disclosed; and

(3) conforms to aggregation guidelines established by the Secretary.

(e) **ADJUSTMENTS.**—Prior to the publication of any information required under this subtitle, the Secretary may make reasonable adjustments in information reported by packers to reflect price aberrations or other unusual or unique occurrences that the Secretary determines would distort the published information to the detriment of producers, packers, or other market participants.

(f) **VERIFICATION.**—The Secretary shall take such actions as the Secretary considers necessary to verify the accuracy of the information submitted or reported under chapter 2, 3, or 4.

(g) **ELECTRONIC REPORTING AND PUBLISHING.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, provide for the reporting and publishing of the information required under this subtitle by electronic means.

(2) **IMPROVEMENTS AND EDUCATION.**—

(A) **ENHANCED ELECTRONIC PUBLISHING.**—The Secretary shall develop and implement an enhanced system of electronic publishing to disseminate information collected pursuant to this subtitle. Such system shall—

(i) present information in a format that can be readily understood by producers, packers, and other market participants;

(ii) adhere to the publication deadlines in this subtitle;

(iii) present information in charts and graphs, as appropriate;

(iv) present comparative information for prior reporting periods, as the Secretary considers appropriate; and

(v) be updated as soon as practicable after information is reported to the Secretary.

(B) **EDUCATION.**—The Secretary shall carry out a market news education program to educate the public and persons in the livestock and meat industries about—

(i) usage of the system developed under subparagraph (A); and

(ii) interpreting and understanding information collected and disseminated through such system.

(h) **REPORTING OF ACTIVITIES ON WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Livestock committed to a packer, or purchased, sold, or slaughtered by a packer, on a weekend day or holiday shall be reported by the packer to the Secretary (to the extent required under this subtitle), and reported by the Secretary, on the immediately following reporting day.

(2) **LIMITATION ON REPORTING BY PACKERS.**—A packer shall not be required to report actions under paragraph (1) more than once on the immediately following reporting day.

(i) **EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.**—Nothing in this subtitle, the Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999, or amendments made by that Act restricts or modifies the authority of the Secretary to—

(1) administer or enforce the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (7 U.S.C. 181 et seq.);

(2) administer, enforce, or collect voluntary reports under this title or any other law; or

(3) access documentary evidence as provided under sections 9 and 10 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 49, 50).

SEC. 252. [7 U.S.C. 1636a] UNLAWFUL ACTS.

It shall be unlawful and a violation of this subtitle for any packer or other person subject to this subtitle (in the submission of information required under chapter 2, 3, or 4, as determined by the Secretary) to willfully—

(1) fail or refuse to provide, or delay the timely reporting of, accurate information to the Secretary (including estimated information);

(2) solicit or request that a packer, the buyer or seller of livestock or livestock products, or any other person fail to provide, as a condition of any transaction, accurate or timely information required under this subtitle;

(3) fail or refuse to comply with this subtitle; or

(4) report estimated information in any report required under this subtitle in a manner that demonstrates a pattern of significant variance in accuracy when compared to the actual information that is reported for the same reporting period, or as determined by any audit, oversight, or other verification procedures of the Secretary.

SEC. 253. [7 U.S.C. 1636b] ENFORCEMENT.

(a) CIVIL PENALTY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Any packer or other person that violates this subtitle may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.

(2) CONTINUING VIOLATION.—Each day during which a violation continues shall be considered to be a separate violation.

(3) FACTORS.—In determining the amount of a civil penalty to be assessed under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider the gravity of the offense, the size of the business involved, and the effect of the penalty on the ability of the person that has committed the violation to continue in business.

(4) MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS.—In determining whether to assess a civil penalty under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider whether a packer or other person subject to this subtitle has engaged in a pattern of errors, delays, or omissions in violation of this subtitle.

(b) CEASE AND DESIST.—In addition to, or in lieu of, a civil penalty under subsection (a), the Secretary may issue an order to cease and desist from continuing any violation.

(c) NOTICE AND HEARING.—No penalty shall be assessed, or cease and desist order issued, by the Secretary under this section unless the person against which the penalty is assessed or to which the order is issued is given notice and opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary with respect to the violation.

(d) FINALITY AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The order of the Secretary assessing a civil penalty or issuing a cease and desist order under this section shall be final and conclusive unless the affected person

files an appeal of the order of the Secretary in United States district court not later than 30 days after the date of the issuance of the order.

(2) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—A finding of the Secretary under this section shall be set aside only if the finding is found to be unsupported by substantial evidence.

(e) ENFORCEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If, after the lapse of the period allowed for appeal or after the affirmance of a penalty assessed under this section, the person against which the civil penalty is assessed fails to pay the penalty, the Secretary may refer the matter to the Attorney General who may recover the penalty by an action in United States district court.

(2) FINALITY.—In the action, the final order of the Secretary shall not be subject to review.

(f) INJUNCTION OR RESTRAINING ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary has reason to believe that any person subject to this subtitle has failed or refused to provide the Secretary information required to be reported pursuant to this subtitle, and that it would be in the public interest to enjoin the person from further failure to comply with the reporting requirements, the Secretary may notify the Attorney General of the failure.

(2) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Attorney General may apply to the appropriate district court of the United States for a temporary or permanent injunction or restraining order.

(3) COURT.—When needed to carry out this subtitle, the court shall, on a proper showing, issue a temporary injunction or restraining order without bond.

(g) FAILURE TO OBEY ORDERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If a person subject to this subtitle fails to obey a cease and desist or civil penalty order issued under this subsection after the order has become final and unappealable, or after the appropriate United States district court has entered a final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the United States may apply to the appropriate district court for enforcement of the order.

(2) ENFORCEMENT.—If the court determines that the order was lawfully made and duly served and that the person violated the order, the court shall enforce the order.

(3) CIVIL PENALTY.—If the court finds that the person violated the cease and desist provisions of the order, the person shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each offense.

SEC. 254. [7 U.S.C. 1636c] FEES.

The Secretary shall not charge or assess a user fee, transaction fee, service charge, assessment, reimbursement, or any other fee for the submission or reporting of information, for the receipt or availability of, or access to, published reports or information, or for any other activity required under this subtitle.

SEC. 255. [7 U.S.C. 1636d] RECORDKEEPING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), each packer required to report information to the Secretary under this subtitle

shall maintain, and make available to the Secretary on request, for 2 years—

(1) the original contracts, agreements, receipts and other records associated with any transaction relating to the purchase, sale, pricing, transportation, delivery, weighing, slaughter, or carcass characteristics of all livestock; and

(2) such records or other information as is necessary or appropriate to verify the accuracy of the information required to be reported under this subtitle.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—Under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary may not require a packer to provide new or additional information if—

(1) the information is not generally available or maintained by packers; or

(2) the provision of the information would be unduly burdensome.

(c) PURCHASES OF CATTLE OR SWINE.—A record of a purchase of a lot of cattle or a lot of swine by a packer shall evidence whether the purchase occurred—

(1) before 10:00 a.m. Central Time;

(2) between 10:00 a.m. and 2:00 p.m. Central Time; or

(3) after 2:00 p.m. Central Time.

SEC. 256. [7 U.S.C. 1636e] VOLUNTARY REPORTING.

The Secretary shall encourage voluntary reporting by packers (as defined in section 201 of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (7 U.S.C. 191)) to which the mandatory reporting requirements of this subtitle do not apply.

SEC. 257. [7 U.S.C. 1636f] PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION ON RETAIL PURCHASE PRICES FOR REPRESENTATIVE MEAT PRODUCTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary shall compile and publish at least monthly (weekly, if practicable) information on retail prices for representative food products made from beef, pork, chicken, turkey, veal, or lamb.

(b) INFORMATION.—The report published by the Secretary under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) information on retail prices for each representative food product described in subsection (a); and

(2) information on total sales quantity (in pounds and dollars) for each representative food product.

(c) MEAT PRICE SPREADS REPORT.—During the period ending 2 years after the initial publication of the report required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall continue to publish the Meat Price Spreads Report in the same manner as the Report was published before the date of the enactment of this subtitle.

(d) INFORMATION COLLECTION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To ensure the accuracy of the reports required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall obtain the information for the reports from one or more sources including—

(A) a consistently representative set of retail transactions; and

(B) both prices and sales quantities for the transactions.

(2) SOURCE OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary may—
(A) obtain the information from retailers or commercial information sources; and
(B) use valid statistical sampling procedures, if necessary.

(3) ADJUSTMENTS.—In providing information on retail prices under this section, the Secretary may make adjustments to take into account differences in—

(A) the geographic location of consumption;
(B) the location of the principal source of supply;
(C) distribution costs; and
(D) such other factors as the Secretary determines reflect a verifiable comparative retail price for a representative food product.

(e) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary—

(1) shall collect information under this section only on a voluntary basis; and

(2) shall not impose a penalty on a person for failure to provide the information or otherwise compel a person to provide the information.

SEC. 258. [7 U.S.C. 1636g] SUSPENSION AUTHORITY REGARDING SPECIFIC TERMS OF PRICE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may suspend any requirement of this subtitle if the Secretary determines that application of the requirement is inconsistent with the purposes of this subtitle.

(b) SUSPENSION PROCEDURE.—

(1) PERIOD.—A suspension under subsection (a) shall be for a period of not more than 240 days.

(2) ACTION BY CONGRESS.—If an Act of Congress concerning the requirement that is the subject of the suspension under subsection (a) is not enacted by the end of the period of the suspension established under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall implement the requirement.

SEC. 259. [7 U.S.C. 1636h] FEDERAL PREEMPTION.

In order to achieve the goals, purposes, and objectives of this title on a nationwide basis and to avoid potentially conflicting State laws that could impede the goals, purposes, or objectives of this title, no State or political subdivision of a State may impose a requirement that is in addition to, or inconsistent with, any requirement of this subtitle with respect to the submission or reporting of information, or the publication of such information, on the prices and quantities of livestock or livestock products.

SEC. 260. [7 U.S.C. 1636i] TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.

The authority provided by this subtitle terminates on September 30, 2020.

Livestock Mandatory Reporting Regulation, 7 CFR Part 59

Subpart A – General Provisions

- §59.10 General administrative provisions.
- §59.20 Recordkeeping.
- §59.30 Definitions.

Subpart B – Cattle Reporting

- §59.100 Definitions.
- §59.101 Mandatory daily reporting for steers and heifers.
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- §59.200 Definitions.
- §59.201 General reporting provisions.
- §59.202 Mandatory daily reporting for barrows and gilts.
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Subpart D – Lamb Reporting

- §59.300 Definitions.
- §59.301 Mandatory Daily Reporting for Lambs.
- §59.302 Mandatory weekly reporting for lambs.
- §59.303 Mandatory reporting of lamb carcasses and boxed lamb.

Subpart E – OMB Control Number

- §59.400 OMB control number.

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 1635-1636i.

Livestock Mandatory Reporting, 7 CFR Part 59

Subpart A – General Provisions

§59.10 General administrative provisions.

(a) *Reporting by packers and importers.* A packer or importer shall report all information required under this part on an individual lot basis.

(b) *Reporting schedule.* Whenever a packer or importer is required to report information on transactions of livestock and livestock products under this part by a set time, all covered transactions up to within one half hour of the reporting deadline shall be reported. Transactions completed during the one half hour prior to the previous reporting time, but not reported in the previous report, shall be reported at the next scheduled reporting time.

(c) *Regional reporting and aggregation.* The Secretary shall make information obtained under this part available to the public only in a manner that:

(1) Ensures that the information is published on a national and a regional or statewide basis as the Secretary determines to be appropriate;

(2) Ensures that the identity of a reporting person or the entity which they represent is not disclosed; and

(3) Market information reported to the Secretary by packers and importers shall be aggregated in such a manner that the market reports issued will not disclose the identity of persons, packers and importers, including parties to a contract and packer's and importer's proprietary information.

(d) *Adjustments.* Prior to the publication of any information required under this part, the Secretary may make reasonable adjustments in information reported by packers and importers to reflect price aberrations or other unusual or unique occurrences that the Secretary determines would distort the published information to the detriment of producers, packers, or other market participants.

(e) *Reporting of activities on weekends and holidays.* Livestock and livestock products committed to a packer, or importer, or purchased, sold, or slaughtered by a packer or importer on a weekend day or holiday shall be reported to the Secretary in accordance with the provisions of this Part and reported by the Secretary on the immediately following reporting day. A packer shall not be required to report such actions more than once on the immediately following reporting day.

(f) *Reporting methods.* Whenever information is required to be reported under this part, it shall be reported by electronic means and shall adhere to a standardized format established by the Secretary to achieve the objectives of this part, except in emergencies or in cases when an alternative method is agreeable to the entity required to report and AMS.

§59.20 Recordkeeping.

(a) *In general.* Each packer or importer required to report information to the Secretary under the Act and this Part shall maintain for 2 years and make available to the Secretary the following information on request:

(1) The original contracts, agreements, receipts, and other records associated with any transaction relating to the purchase, sale, pricing, transportation, delivery, weighing, slaughter, or carcass characteristics of all livestock or livestock products; and

(2) Such records or other information as is necessary or appropriate to verify the accuracy of the information required to be reported under the Act and this Part.

(b) *Purchases of cattle and swine and sales of boxed beef cuts.* A record of a purchase of a lot of cattle or swine, or a sale of a unit of boxed beef cuts, by a packer shall evidence whether the purchase or sale occurred:

(1) Before 10 a.m. central time;

(2) Between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. central time; or

(3) After 2 p.m. central time.

(c) *Purchases of lambs.* A record of a purchase of a lot of lambs by a packer shall evidence whether the purchase occurred:

(1) Before 2 p.m. central time; or

(2) After 2 p.m. central time.

(d) *Sales of lamb carcasses and sales of boxed lamb cuts.* A record of a sale by a packer of lamb carcasses and cuts, shall evidence time and date the sale occurred:

(1) Before 2 p.m. central time; or

(2) After 2 p.m. central time.

A record of sale by an importer of lamb cuts shall evidence the date the sale occurred.

(e) *Reporting sales of boxed beef cuts and sales of boxed lamb cuts.* (1) Beef packers must report all sales of boxed beef items by the applicable Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS) item number or the boxed beef items' cutting and trimming specifications.

(2) Lamb packers and importers must report all sales of boxed lamb items by the applicable Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS) item number or the boxed lamb items' cutting and trimming specifications.

(f) *Reporting sales of wholesale pork.* A record of a sale of wholesale pork by a packer shall evidence whether the sale occurred:

(1) Before 10:00 a.m. central time;

(2) Between 10:00 a.m. and 2:00 p.m. central time; or

(3) After 2:00 p.m. central time.

§59.30 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this part.

Act. The term “Act” means Subtitle B of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1635-1636h.

Base price. The term “base price” means the price paid for livestock, delivered at the packing plant, before application of any premiums or discounts, expressed in dollars per hundred pounds of hot carcass weight.

Basis level. The term “basis level” means the agreed on adjustment to a future price to establish the final price paid for livestock.

Current slaughter week. The term “current slaughter week” means the period beginning Monday, and ending Sunday, of the week in which a reporting day occurs.

Discount. The term “discount” means the adjustment, expressed in dollars per one hundred pounds, subtracted from the base price due to weight, quality characteristics, yield characteristics, livestock class, dark cutting, breed, dressing percentage, or other characteristic.

Exported. The term “exported” means livestock or livestock products that are physically shipped to locations outside of the 50 States.

F.O.B. The term “F.O.B.” means free on board, regardless of the mode of transportation, at the point of direct shipment by the seller to the buyer (e.g., F.O.B. Plant, F.O.B. Feedlot) or from a common basis point to the buyer (e.g., F.O.B. Omaha).

Imported. The term “imported” means livestock that are raised to slaughter weight outside of the 50 States or livestock products produced outside of the 50 States.

Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications. Specifications describing various meat cuts, meat products, and meat food products derived from all livestock species, commonly abbreviated “IMPS”, and intended for use by any meat procuring activity. Copies of the IMPS may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service, Livestock and Seed Program located at Room 2603 South Building, 1400 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20250. Phone (202) 260-8295 or Fax (202) 720-1112. Copies may also be obtained over the Internet at <http://www.ams.usda.gov/AMSV1.0/LivestockStandardizationIMPS>.

Livestock. The term “livestock” means cattle, swine, and lambs.

Lot. (1) When used in reference to livestock, the term “lot” means a group of one or more livestock that is identified for the purpose of a single transaction between a buyer and a seller;

(2) When used in reference to lamb carcasses, the term “lot” means a group of one or more lamb carcasses sharing a similar weight range category and comprising a single transaction between a buyer and seller; or

(3) When used in reference to boxed beef, wholesale pork, and lamb, the term 'lot' means a group of one or more boxes of beef, wholesale pork, or lamb items sharing cutting and trimming specifications and comprising a single transaction between a buyer and seller.

Marketing. The term "marketing" means the sale or other disposition of livestock, livestock products, or meat or meat food products in commerce.

Negotiated purchase. The term "negotiated purchase" means a cash or spot market purchase by a packer of livestock from a producer under which the base price for the livestock is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement on a delivery day. The livestock are scheduled for delivery to the packer not more than 14 days after the date on which the livestock are committed to the packer.

Negotiated grid purchase. The term "negotiated grid purchase" in reference to cattle means the negotiation of a base price, from which premiums are added and discounts are subtracted, determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement on a delivery day. The livestock are scheduled for delivery to the packer not more than 14 days after the date on which the livestock are committed to the packer.

Negotiated sale. The term "negotiated sale" means a cash or spot market sale by a producer of livestock to a packer under which the base price for the livestock is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement on a delivery day. The livestock are scheduled for delivery to the packer not later than 14 days after the date on which the livestock are committed to the packer. When used in reference to sales of boxed beef or lamb cuts or lamb carcasses the term "negotiated sale" means a sale by a packer selling boxed beef or lamb cuts or lamb carcasses to a buyer of boxed beef or lamb cuts or lamb carcasses under which the price for the boxed beef or lamb cuts or lamb carcasses is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement on a day.

Origin. The term "origin" means the State where the livestock were fed to slaughter weight.

Percent lean. The term "percent lean" means the value equal to the average percentage of the carcass weight comprised of lean meat.

Person. The term "person" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, association, or other entity.

Premium. The term "premium" means the adjustment, expressed in dollars per one hundred pounds, added to the base price due to weight, quality characteristics, yield characteristics, livestock class, and breed.

Priced. The term "priced" means the time when the final price is determined either through buyer-seller interaction and agreement or as a result of some other price determining method.

Prior slaughter week. The term prior "slaughter week" means the Monday through Sunday prior to a reporting day.

Producer. The term "producer" means any person engaged in the business of selling livestock to a packer for slaughter (including the sale of livestock from a packer to another packer).

Purchased. The term "purchased" means the agreement on a price, or the method for calculating a price, determined through buyer-seller interaction and agreement.

Reporting day. The term “reporting day” means a day on which a packer conducts business regarding livestock committed to the packer, or livestock purchased, sold, or slaughtered by the packer; the Secretary is required to make such information available to the public; and the Department of Agriculture is open to conduct business.

Secretary. The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States or any other officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture to whom authority has been delegated or may hereafter be delegated to act in the Secretary's stead.

State. The term “State” means each of the 50 States.

[73 FR 28633, May 16, 2008, as amended at 77 FR 50573, Aug. 22, 2012]

Subpart B—Cattle Reporting

§59.100 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart.

Boxed beef. The term “boxed beef” means those carlot-based portions of a beef carcass including fresh and frozen primals, subprimals, cuts fabricated from subprimals (excluding portion-control cuts such as chops and steaks similar to those portion cut items described in the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS) for Fresh Beef Products Series 100), thin meats (e.g. inside and outside skirts, pectoral meat, cap and wedge meat, and blade meat), and fresh and frozen ground beef, beef trimmings, and boneless processing beef.

Branded. The term “branded” means boxed beef cuts produced and marketed under a corporate trademark (for example, products that are marketed on their quality, yield, or breed characteristics), or boxed beef cuts produced and marketed under one of USDA's Meat Grading and Certification Branch, Certified Beef programs.

Carcass characteristics. The term “carcass characteristics” means the range and average carcass weight in pounds, the quality grade and yield grade (if applicable), and the average cattle dressing percentage.

Carlot-based. The term “carlot-based” means any transaction between a buyer and a seller destined for two or less delivery stops consisting of one or more individual boxed beef items. When used in reference to cow and bull boxed beef items, the term “carlot-based” means any transaction between a buyer and seller consisting of 2,000 pounds or more of one or more individual items.

Cattle committed. The term “cattle committed” means cattle that are scheduled to be delivered to a packer within the 7-day period beginning on the date of an agreement to sell the cattle.

Cattle type. The term “cattle type” means the following types of cattle purchased for slaughter:

- (1) Fed steers;
- (2) Fed heifers;
- (3) Fed Holsteins and other fed dairy steers and heifers;

(4) Cows; and

(5) Bulls.

Established. The term “established”, when used in connection with prices, means that point in time when the buyer and seller agree upon a net price.

Formula marketing arrangement.

(1) When used in reference to live cattle, the term “formula marketing arrangement” means the advance commitment of cattle for slaughter by any means other than through a negotiated purchase or a forward contract, using a method for calculating price in which the price is determined at a future date.

(2) When used in reference to boxed beef, the term “formula marketing arrangement” means the advance commitment of boxed beef by any means other than through a negotiated purchase or a forward contract, using a method for calculating price in which the price is determined at a future date.

Forward contract. (1) When used in reference to live cattle, the term “forward contract” means an agreement for the purchase of cattle, executed in advance of slaughter, under which the base price is established by reference to prices quoted on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, or other comparable publicly available prices.

(2) When used in reference to boxed beef, the term “forward contract” means an agreement for the sale of boxed beef, executed in advance of manufacture, under which the base price is established by reference to publicly available quoted prices.

Packer. The term “packer” means any person engaged in the business of buying cattle in commerce for purposes of slaughter, of manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products from cattle for sale or shipment in commerce, or of marketing meats or meat food products from cattle in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesale broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce. For any calendar year, the term “packer” includes only a federally inspected cattle processing plant that slaughtered an average of 125,000 head of cattle per year during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years. Additionally, in the case of a cattle processing plant that did not slaughter cattle during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years, it shall be considered a packer if the Secretary determines the processing plant should be considered a packer under this subpart after considering its capacity.

Packer-owned cattle. The term “packer-owned cattle” means cattle that a packer owns for at least 14 days immediately before slaughter.

Prices for cattle. The term “prices for cattle” includes the price per hundredweight; the purchase type; the quantity on a live and a dressed weight basis; the estimated live weight range; the average live weight; the estimated percentage of cattle of a USDA quality grade Choice or better; beef carcass classification; any premiums or discounts associated with weight, quality grade, yield grade, or type of purchase; cattle State of origin; estimated cattle dressing percentage; and price basis as F.O.B. feedlot or delivered at the plant.

Terms of trade. The term “terms of trade” means, with respect to the purchase of steers and heifers for slaughter:

(1) Whether a packer provided any financing agreement or arrangement with regard to the steers and heifers;

(2) Whether the delivery terms specified the location of the producer or the location of the packer's plant;

(3) Whether the producer is able to unilaterally specify the date and time during the business day of the packer that the cattle are to be delivered for slaughter; and

(4) The percentage of steers and heifers purchased by a packer as a negotiated purchase that are scheduled to be delivered to the plant for slaughter not later than 14 days and the percentage of slaughter steers and heifers purchased by a packer as a negotiated purchase that are scheduled to be delivered to the plant for slaughter more than 14 days, but fewer than 30 days.

Type of purchase. The term "type of purchase" with respect to cattle, means a negotiated purchase, negotiated grid purchase, a formula market arrangement, and a forward contract.

Type of sale. The term "type of sale" with respect to boxed beef, means a negotiated sale, a formula market arrangement, and a forward contract.

White cow. Cow on a ration that tends to produce white fat.

§59.101 Mandatory daily reporting for steers and heifers.

(a) *In general.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each steer and heifer packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary at least two times each reporting day not later than 10 a.m. central time and not later than 2 p.m. central time the following information, inclusive since the last reporting, categorized to clearly delineate domestic from imported market purchases as described in §59.10(b).

(1) The prices for cattle (per hundredweight) established on that day, categorized by:

(i) The type of purchase;

(ii) The quantity of cattle purchased on a live weight basis;

(iii) The quantity of cattle purchased on a dressed weight basis;

(iv) The estimated weights of cattle purchased;

(v) An estimate of the percentage of the cattle purchased that were of a quality grade of Choice or better; and

(vi) Any premiums or discounts associated with weight, quality grade, yield grade, or other characteristic expressed in dollars per hundredweight on a dressed basis.

(2) The quantity of cattle delivered to the packer (quoted in numbers of head) on that day, categorized by:

(i) The type of purchase;

(ii) The quantity of cattle delivered on a live weight basis; and

(iii) The quantity of cattle delivered on a dressed weight basis.

(3) The quantity of cattle committed to the packer (quoted in numbers of head) as of that day, categorized by:

(i) The type of purchase;

(ii) The quantity of cattle committed on a live weight basis; and

(iii) The quantity of cattle committed on a dressed weight basis.

(4) The terms of trade regarding the cattle, as applicable.

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make the information available to the public not less frequently than three times each reporting day.

§59.102 Mandatory daily reporting for cows and bulls.

(a) *In General.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each cow and bull packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary each reporting day the following information for each cattle type, inclusive since the last reporting, categorized to clearly delineate domestic from imported market purchases as described in §59.10(b).

(1) The base bid price (per hundredweight) intended to be paid for slaughter cow and bull carcasses on that day not later than 10 a.m. central time categorized by:

(i) Weight; and

(ii) For slaughter cows, percent lean (e.g., breaker, boner, cutter (lean)).

(2) The prices for cattle (per hundredweight) purchased during the previous day not later than 2 p.m. central time categorized by:

(i) The type of purchase;

(ii) The quantity of cattle purchased on a live weight basis;

(iii) The quantity of cattle purchased on a dressed weight basis;

(iv) The estimated weight of the cattle purchased;

(v) The quality classification; and

(vi) Any premiums or discounts associated with weight or quality expressed in dollars per hundredweight on a dressed basis.

(3) The volume of cows and bulls slaughtered the previous day.

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make the information available to the public within one hour of the required reporting time on the reporting day on which the information is received from the packer.

§59.103 Mandatory weekly reporting for steers and heifers.

(a) *In general.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each steer and heifer packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary on the first reporting day of each week, not later than 9 a.m. central time, the following information applicable to the prior slaughter week, categorized to clearly delineate domestic from imported market purchases:

- (1) The quantity of cattle purchased through a negotiated basis that were slaughtered;
- (2) The quantity of cattle purchased through a negotiated grid basis that were slaughtered;
- (3) The quantity of cattle purchased through forward contracts that were slaughtered;
- (4) The quantity of cattle delivered under a formula marketing arrangement that were slaughtered;
- (5) The quantity and carcass characteristics of packer-owned cattle that were slaughtered;
- (6) The quantity, basis level, basis level month, and delivery month and year for all cattle purchased through forward contracts;
- (7) The range and average of intended premiums and discounts (including those associated with weight, quality grade, yield grade, or type of cattle) that are expected to be in effect for the current slaughter week.

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make available to the public the information obtained under paragraph (a) of this section on the first reporting day of the current slaughter week by 10 a.m. central time.

§59.104 Mandatory reporting of boxed beef sales.

(a) *Daily reporting.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary at least twice each reporting day (once by 10 a.m. central time, and once by 2 p.m. central time) the following information on total boxed beef domestic and export sales established on that day inclusive since the last reporting as described in §59.10(b):

- (1) The price for each lot of each boxed beef sale, quoted in dollars per hundredweight on a F.O.B. plant basis;
- (2) The quantity for each lot of each sale, quoted by number of pounds sold; and
- (3) The information regarding the characteristics of each sale is as follows:
 - (i) The type of sale;

- (ii) The branded product characteristics, if applicable;
 - (iii) The grade for steer and heifer beef (e.g., USDA Prime, USDA Choice or better, USDA Choice, USDA Select, ungraded no-roll product);
 - (iv) The grade for cow beef or packer yield and/or quality sort for cow beef (e.g., Breakers, Boners, White Cow, Cutters (lean));
 - (v) The cut of beef, referencing the most recent version of the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS), when applicable;
 - (vi) The trim specification;
 - (vii) The weight range of the cut;
 - (viii) The product delivery period; and
 - (ix) The beef type (steer/heifer, dairy steer/heifer, or cow).
- (b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make available to the public the information obtained under paragraph (a) of this section not less frequently than twice each reporting day.

Subpart C—Swine Reporting

§59.200 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart.

Affiliate. The term “affiliate”, with respect to a packer, means:

- (1) A person that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, 5 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of the packer;
- (2) A person 5 percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with power to vote, by the packer; and
- (3) A person that directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by or under common control with, the packer.

Applicable reporting period. The term “applicable reporting period” means the period of time prescribed by the prior day report, the morning report, and the afternoon report, as provided in §59.202.

Average carcass weight. The term “average carcass weight” means the weight obtained by dividing the total carcass weight of the swine slaughtered at the packing plant during the applicable reporting period by the number of these same swine.

Average lean percentage. The term “average lean percentage” means the value equal to the average percentage of the carcass weight comprised of lean meat for the swine slaughtered during the applicable reporting period. Whenever the packer changes the manner in which the average lean

percentage is calculated, the packer shall make available to the Secretary the underlying data, applicable methodology and formulae, and supporting materials used to determine the average lean percentage, which the Secretary may convert either to the carcass measurements or lean percentage of the swine of the individual packer to correlate to a common percent lean measurement.

Average net price. The term “average net price” means the quotient (stated per hundred pounds of carcass weight of swine) obtained by dividing the total amount paid for the swine slaughtered at a packing plant during the applicable reporting period (including all premiums and less all discounts) by the total carcass weight of the swine (in hundred pound increments).

Average sort loss. The term “average sort loss” means the average discount (in dollars per hundred pounds carcass weight) for swine slaughtered during the applicable reporting period, resulting from the fact that the swine did not fall within the individual packer's established carcass weight range or lot variation range.

Backfat. The term “backfat” means the fat thickness (in inches) measured between the third and fourth rib from the last rib, 7 centimeters from the carcass split (or adjusted from the individual packer's measurement to that reference point using an adjustment made by the Secretary) of the swine slaughtered during the applicable reporting period.

Barrow. The term “barrow” means a neutered male swine, with the neutering performed before the swine reached sexual maturity.

Base market hog. The term “base market hog” means a barrow or gilt for which no discounts are subtracted from and no premiums are added to the base price.

Base price. The term “base price” means the price from which no discounts are subtracted and no premiums are added.

Boars. The term “boar” means a sexually-intact male swine.

Bred female swine. The term “bred female swine” means any female swine, whether a sow or gilt, that has been mated or inseminated, or has been confirmed, to be pregnant.

Formula marketing arrangement. When used in reference to wholesale pork, the term ‘formula marketing arrangement’ means an agreement for the sale of pork under which the price is established in reference to publicly-available quoted prices.

Formula price. The term “formula price” means a price determined by a mathematical formula under which the price established for a specified market serves as the basis for the formula.

Forward sale. When used in reference to wholesale pork, the term ‘forward sale’ means an agreement for the sale of pork where the delivery is beyond the timeframe of a “negotiated sale” and means a sale by a packer selling wholesale pork to a buyer of wholesale pork under which the price is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement.

Gilt. The term “gilt” means a young female swine that has not produced a litter.

Hog Class. The term “hog class” means, as applicable, barrows or gilts; sows; or boars or stags.

Inferior swine. The term “inferior swine” means swine that are discounted in the market place due to light-weight, health, or physical conditions that affects their value.

Loin depth. The term “loin depth” means the muscle depth (in inches) measured between the third and fourth ribs from the last rib, 7 centimeters from the carcass split (or adjusted from the individual packer's measurement to that reference point using an adjustment made by the Secretary) of the swine slaughtered during the applicable reporting period.

Negotiated formula purchase. The term “negotiated formula purchase” means a swine or pork market formula purchase under which:

(1) The formula is determined by negotiation on a lot-by-lot basis; and

(2) The swine are scheduled for delivery to the packer not later than 14 days after the date on which the formula is negotiated and swine are committed to the packer.

Negotiated sale. The term ‘negotiated sale’ means a sale by a packer selling wholesale pork to a buyer of wholesale pork under which the price is determined by seller-buyer interaction and agreement, and scheduled for delivery not later than 14 days for boxed product and 10 days for combo product after the date of agreement. The day after the seller-buyer agreement shall be considered day one for reporting delivery periods.

Net price. The term “net price” means the total amount paid by a packer to a producer (including all premiums, less all discounts) per hundred pounds of carcass weight of swine delivered at the plant. The total amount paid shall include any sum deducted from the price (per hundredweight) paid to a producer that reflects the repayment of a balance owed by the producer to the packer or the accumulation of a balance to later be repaid by the packer to the producer. The total amount paid shall exclude any sum earlier paid to a producer that must be repaid to the packer.

Noncarcass merit premium. The term “noncarcass merit premium” means an increase in the base price of the swine offered by an individual packer or packing plant, based on any factor other than the characteristics of the carcass, if the actual amount of the premium is known before the sale and delivery of the swine.

Other market formula purchase. The term “other market formula purchase” means a purchase of swine by a packer in which the pricing mechanism is a formula price based on any market other than the market for swine, pork, or a pork product. The term “other market formula purchase” includes a formula purchase in a case which the price formula is based on 1 or more futures or options contracts.

Other purchase arrangement. The term “other purchase arrangement” means a purchase of swine by a packer that is not a negotiated purchase, swine or pork market formula purchase, negotiated formula purchase, or other market formula purchase; and does not involve packer-owned swine.

Packer. The term “packer” means any person engaged in the business of buying swine in commerce for purposes of slaughter, of manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products from swine for sale or shipment in commerce, or of marketing meats or meat food products from swine in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesale broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce. For any calendar year, the term “packer” includes only a federally inspected swine processing plant that slaughtered an average of 100,000 head of swine per year during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years and a person that slaughtered an average of 200,000 head of sows, boars, or

combination thereof per year during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years. Additionally, in the case of a swine processing plant or person that did not slaughter swine during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years, it shall be considered a packer if the Secretary determines the processing plant or person should be considered a packer under this subpart after considering its capacity.

Packer-owned swine. The term “packer-owned swine” means swine that a packer (including a subsidiary or affiliate of the packer) owns for at least 14 days immediately before slaughter.

Packer-sold swine. The term “packer-sold swine” means the swine that are owned by a packer (including a subsidiary or affiliate of the packer) for more than 14 days immediately before sale for slaughter; and sold for slaughter to another packer.

Pork. The term “pork” means the meat of a porcine animal.

Pork class. The term “pork class” means the following types of swine purchased for slaughter:

- (1) Barrow/gilt;
- (2) Sow;
- (3) Boar.

Pork product. The term “pork product” means a product or byproduct produced or processed in whole or in part from pork.

Purchase data. The term “purchase data” means all of the applicable data, including base price and weight (if purchased live), for all swine purchased during the applicable reporting period, regardless of the expected delivery date of the swine, reported by:

- (1) Hog class;
- (2) Type of purchase; and
- (3) Packer-owned swine.

Slaughter data. The term “slaughter data” means all of the applicable data for all swine slaughtered by a packer during the applicable reporting period, regardless of whether the price of the swine was negotiated or otherwise determined, reported by:

- (1) Hog class;
- (2) Type of purchase; and
- (3) Packer-owned swine.

Sow. The term “sow” means an adult female swine that has produced 1 or more litters.

Specialty pork product. The term ‘specialty pork product’ means wholesale pork produced and marketed under any specialty program such as, but not limited to, genetically-selected pork, certified programs, or specialty selection programs for quality or breed characteristics.

Stag. The term “stag” means a male swine that was neutered after reaching sexual maturity.

Swine. The term “swine” means a porcine animal raised to be a feeder pig, raised for seedstock, or raised for slaughter.

Swine committed. The term “swine committed” means swine scheduled and delivered to a packer within the 14-day period beginning on the date of an agreement to sell the swine.

Swine or pork market formula purchase. The term “swine or pork market formula purchase” means a purchase of swine by a packer in which the pricing mechanism is a formula price based on a market for swine, pork, or a pork product, other than a future or option for swine, pork, or a pork product.

Type of purchase. The term “type of purchase”, with respect to swine, means:

- (1) A negotiated purchase;
- (2) Other market formula purchase;
- (3) A swine or pork market formula purchase;
- (4) Other purchase arrangement; and
- (5) A negotiated formula purchase.

Type of sale. The term “type of sale” with respect to wholesale pork means a negotiated sale, forward sale, or formula marketing arrangement.

Variety meats. The term ‘variety meats’ with respect to wholesale pork means cut/processing floor items, such as neck bones, tails, skins, feet, hocks, jowls, and backfat.

Wholesale pork. The term ‘wholesale pork’ means fresh and frozen primals, sub-primals, cuts fabricated from sub-primals, pork trimmings, pork for processing, and variety meats (excluding portion-control cuts, cuts flavored above and beyond normal added ingredients that are used to enhance products, cured, smoked, cooked, and tray packed products). When referring to wholesale pork, added ingredients are used to enhance the product’s performance (e.g. tenderness, juiciness) through adding a solution or emulsion via an injection or immersion process. The ingredients shall be limited to water, salt, sodium phosphate, antimicrobials, or any other similar combination of foresaid or similar ingredients and in accordance with established USDA regulations.

[73 FR 28633, May 16, 2008, as amended at 77 FR 50573, Aug. 22, 2012; 81 FR 52973, Aug. 11, 2016]

§59.201 General reporting provisions.

(a) *Packer-owned swine.* Information required under this section for packer-owned swine shall include quantity and carcass characteristics, but not price.

(b) *Type of purchase.* If information regarding the type of purchase is required under this section, the information shall be reported according to the numbers and percentages of each type of purchase comprising:

- (1) Packer-sold swine; and
- (2) All other swine.

§59.202 Mandatory daily reporting for barrows and gilts.

(a) *Prior day report.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer that processes barrows and gilts shall report to the Secretary for each business day of the packer not later than 7 a.m. central time on each reporting day information regarding all barrows and gilts purchased or priced, during the prior business day of the packer, and not later than 9 a.m. central time on each reporting day information regarding all barrows and gilts slaughtered, excluding inferior swine, as specified in §59.10(b):

(1) All purchase data, reported by lot, including:

- (i) The total number of barrows and gilts purchased;
- (ii) The total number of barrows and gilts scheduled for delivery to a packer for slaughter;
- (iii) The base price and weight for all barrows and gilts purchased on a live weight basis; and

(iv) The base price and premiums and discounts paid for carcass characteristics for all barrows and gilts purchased on a carcass basis for which a price has been established. For barrows and gilts that were not priced, this information shall be reported on the next prior day report after the price is established.

(2) The following slaughter data for the total number of barrows and gilts slaughtered:

- (i) The average net price;
- (ii) The average carcass weight;
- (iii) The average sort loss;
- (iv) The average backfat;
- (v) The average loin depth;
- (vi) The average lean percentage; and
- (vii) Total quantity slaughtered.

(3) Packer purchase commitments, which shall be equal to the number of barrows and gilts scheduled for delivery to a packer for slaughter for each of the next 14 calendar days.

(4) The Secretary shall publish the information obtained in paragraph (a) of this section in a prior day report not later than 8 a.m. central time for all barrows and gilts purchased and 10 a.m. central time for all barrows and gilts slaughtered on the reporting day on which the information is received from the packer. In addition, the Secretary shall publish a net price distribution for all barrows and gilts slaughtered on the previous day not later than 3 p.m. central time.

(b) *Morning report.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant that processes barrows and gilts shall report to the Secretary not later than 10 a.m. central time each reporting day as described in §59.10(b):

(1) The packer's best estimate of the total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, expected to be purchased throughout the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(2) The total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, purchased since 1:30 p.m. central time of the previous reporting day and up to that time of the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(3) All purchase data for base market hogs purchased since 1:30 p.m. central time of the previous reporting day and up to that time of the reporting day through negotiated purchases;

(4) All purchase data for base market hogs purchased through each type of purchase other than negotiated purchase since 1:30 p.m. central time of the previous reporting day and up to that time of the reporting day, unless such information is unavailable due to pricing that is determined on a delayed basis. The packer shall report information on such purchases on the first reporting day or scheduled reporting time on a reporting day after the price has been determined.

(5) The Secretary shall publish the information obtained in paragraph (b) of this section in the morning report as soon as practicable, but not later than 11 a.m. central time, on each reporting day.

(c) *Afternoon report.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant that processes barrows and gilts shall report to the Secretary not later than 2 p.m. central time each reporting day as described in §59.10(b):

(1) The packer's best estimate of the total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine expected to be purchased throughout the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(2) The total number of barrows and gilts, and barrows and gilts that qualify as packer-owned swine, purchased up to that time of the reporting day through each type of purchase;

(3) The base price paid for all base market hogs purchased up to that time of the reporting day through negotiated purchases; and

(4) The base price paid for all base market hogs purchased through each type of purchase other than negotiated purchase up to that time of the reporting day, unless such information is unavailable due to pricing that is determined on a delayed basis. The packer shall report information on such purchases on the first reporting day or scheduled reporting time on a reporting day after the price has been determined.

(5) The Secretary shall publish the information obtained in paragraph (c) of this section in the afternoon report as soon as practicable, but not later than 3 p.m. central time, on each reporting day.

[73 FR 28633, May 16, 2008, as amended at 81 FR 52974, Aug. 11, 2016]

§59.203 Mandatory daily reporting for sows and boars.

(a) *Prior day report.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer of sows and boars shall report to the Secretary for each business day of the packer not later than 7 a.m. central time on each reporting day information regarding all sows and boars purchased or priced, excluding inferior swine, during the prior business day of the packer all purchase data, reported by lot, including:

(1) The total number of sows and boars purchased divided into at least three weight groups as specified by the Secretary;

(2) The average price paid by each purchase type for all sows in each weight class specified by the Secretary; and

(3) The average price paid by each purchase type for all boars in each weight class specified by the Secretary.

(4) The packer is required to report only the volume of sows and boars that qualify as packer owned swine and shall omit packer owned sows and boars from all average price calculations.

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall publish the information obtained in paragraph (a) of this section as soon as practicable, but not later than 8 a.m. central time, on the reporting day on which the information is received from the packer.

§59.204 Mandatory weekly reporting for swine.

(a) *Weekly noncarcass merit premium report.* Not later than 4 p.m. central time in accordance with §59.10(b) on the first reporting day of each week, the corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary a noncarcass merit premium report that lists:

(1) Each category of standard noncarcass merit premiums used by the packer in the prior slaughter week; and

(2) The dollar value (in dollars per hundred pounds of carcass weight) paid to producers by the packer, by category.

(b) *Premium list.* A packer shall maintain and make available to a producer, on request, a current listing of the dollar values (per hundred pounds of carcass weight) of each noncarcass merit premium used by the packer during the current or the prior slaughter week.

(c) *Publication.* The Secretary shall publish the information obtained under this subsection as soon as practicable, but not later than 5 p.m. central time, on the first reporting day of each week.

§59.205 Mandatory reporting of wholesale pork sales.

(a) *Daily reporting.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary at least twice each reporting day for barrows and gilts (once by 10 a.m. central time, and once by 2 p.m. central time) and once each reporting day for sows and boars (by 2 p.m. central time) the following information on total pork sales established on that day inclusive since the last reporting as described in §59.10(b):

(1) The price for each wholesale pork sale, as defined herein, quoted in dollars per hundredweight on an F.O.B. Plant and an F.O.B. Omaha basis as outlined in §59.205(d). The price shall include brokerage fees, if applicable. All direct, specific, and identifiable marketing costs (such as point of purchase material, marketing funds, accruals, rebates, and export costs) shall be deducted from the net price if applicable and known at the time of sale;

(2) The quantity for each pork sale, quoted by number of pounds sold; and

(3) The information regarding the characteristics of each sale is as follows:

(i) The type of sale;

(ii) Pork item description;

(iii) Pork item product code;

(iv) The product delivery period, in calendar days;

(v) The pork class (barrow/gilt, sow, boar);

(vi) Destination (Domestic, Export/Overseas, NAFTA);

(vii) Type of Refrigeration (Fresh, Frozen, age range of fresh product); and

(viii) Specialty pork product, if applicable

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make available to the public the information obtained under paragraph (a) of this section not less frequently than twice each reporting day for gilt and barrow product and once each reporting day for sow and boar product.

(c) The Secretary shall obtain product specifications upon request.

(d) The Secretary shall provide freight information for the purpose of calculating prices on an F.O.B. Omaha basis. The Secretary shall provide this information periodically, but not less than quarterly.

[77 FR 50574, Aug. 22, 2012]

Subpart D—Lamb Reporting

§59.300 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart.

Boxed lamb. The term “boxed lamb” means those carlot-based portions of a lamb carcass including fresh primals, subprimals, cuts fabricated from subprimals excluding portion-control cuts such as chops and steaks similar to those portion cut items described in the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS) for Fresh Lamb and Mutton Series 200, and thin meats (e.g., inside and outside skirts, pectoral meat, cap and wedge meat, and blade meat) not older than 14 days from date of manufacture; fresh ground lamb, lamb trimmings, and boneless processing lamb not older than 7 days from date of manufacture; frozen primals, subprimals, cuts fabricated from subprimals, and thin meats not older than 180 days from date of manufacture; and frozen ground lamb, lamb trimmings, and boneless processing lamb not older than 90 days from date of manufacture.

Branded. The term “branded” means boxed lamb cuts produced and marketed under a corporate trademark (for example, products that are marketed on their quality, yield, or breed characteristics), or boxed lamb cuts produced and marketed under one of USDA's Meat Grading and Certification Branch, Certified programs.

Carcass characteristics. The term “carcass characteristics” means the range and average carcass weight in pounds, the quality grade and yield grade (if applicable), and the lamb average dressing percentage.

Carlot-based. The term “carlot-based” means any transaction between a buyer and a seller destined for three or less delivery stops consisting of any combination of carcass weights. When used in reference to boxed lamb cuts the term “carlot-based” means any transaction between a buyer and seller consisting of 1,000 pounds or more of one or more individual boxed lamb items.

Established. The term “established”, when used in connection with prices, means that point in time when the buyer and seller agree upon a net price.

Formula marketing arrangement.

(1) When used in reference to live lambs, the term “formula marketing arrangement” means the advance commitment of lambs for slaughter by any means other than through a negotiated purchase or a forward contract, using a method for calculating price in which the price is determined at a future date.

(2) When used in reference to boxed lamb, the term “formula marketing arrangement” means the advance commitment of boxed lamb by any means other than through a negotiated purchase or a forward contract, using a method for calculating price in which the price is determined at a future date.

Forward contract.

(1) When used in reference to live lambs, the term “forward contract” means an agreement for the purchase of lambs, executed in advance of slaughter, under which the base price is established by reference to publicly available prices.

(2) When used in reference to boxed lamb, the term “forward contract” means an agreement for the sale of boxed lamb, executed in advance of manufacture, under which the base price is established by reference to publicly available quoted prices.

Importer. The term “importer” means any person engaged in the business of importing lamb meat products with the intent to sell or ship in U.S. commerce. For any calendar year, the term

includes only those that imported an average of 1,000 metric tons of lamb meat products per year during the immediately preceding 4 calendar years. Additionally, the term includes those that did not import an average 1,000 metric tons of lamb meat products during the immediately preceding 4 calendar years, if the Secretary determines that the person should be considered an importer based on their volume of lamb imports.

Packer. The term “packer” means any person with 50 percent or more ownership in a facility engaged in the business of buying lambs in commerce for purposes of slaughter, of manufacturing or preparing meat products from lambs for sale or shipment in commerce, or of marketing meats or meat products from lambs in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesale broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce. For any calendar year, the term includes only a federally inspected lamb processing plant which slaughtered or processed the equivalent of an average of 35,000 head of lambs per year during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years. Additionally, the term includes a lamb processing plant that did not slaughter or process an average of 35,000 lambs during the immediately preceding 5 calendar years if the Secretary determines that the processing plant should be considered a packer after considering its capacity.

Packer-owned lambs. The term “packer-owned lambs” means lambs that a packer owns for at least 28 days immediately before slaughter.

Type of purchase. The term “type of purchase” means a negotiated purchase, a formula market arrangement, and a forward contract.

Type of sale. The term “type of sale” with respect to boxed lamb, means a negotiated sale, a formula market arrangement, and a forward contract.

Yield grade lamb carcass reporting. The term “yield grade lamb carcass reporting” means if the lot includes 80 percent or more of one yield grade, the lot will be considered a single yield grade lot. If the lot contains less than 80 percent of one yield grade, the lot will be considered a mixed grade lot and all yield grades comprising 10 percent or more will be used to describe the lot.

[73 FR 28633, May 16, 2008, as amended at 81 FR 10062, Feb. 29, 2016; 81 FR 52974, Aug. 11, 2016]

§59.301 Mandatory Daily Reporting for Lambs.

(a) *In general.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary at least once each reporting day not later than 2 p.m. central time the prices for lambs (per hundredweight) established on that day as F.O.B. feedlot or delivered at the plant, categorized to clearly delineate domestic from imported market purchases as described in §59.10(b) and categorized by:

- (1) The type of purchase;
- (2) The class of lamb;
- (3) The quantity of lambs purchased on a live weight basis;
- (4) The quantity of lambs purchased on a dressed weight basis;
- (5) A range and average of estimated live weights of lambs purchased;

(6) An estimate of the percentage of the lambs purchased that were of a quality grade of Choice or better;

(7) Any premiums or discounts associated with weight, quality grade, yield grade, or any type of purchase;

(8) Lamb state of origin;

(9) The pelt type; and

(10) The estimated lamb dressing percentage.

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make the information available to the public not less than once each reporting day.

§59.302 Mandatory weekly reporting for lambs.

(a) *In general.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer processing plant shall report to the Secretary the following information applicable to the prior slaughter week contained in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(5) and (a)(7) of this section not later than 9 a.m. central time on the second reporting day of the current slaughter week, and the following information applicable to the prior slaughter week contained in paragraph (a)(6) of this section not later than 9 a.m. central time on the first reporting day of the current slaughter week categorized to clearly delineate domestic from imported market purchases:

(1) The quantity of lambs purchased through a negotiated purchase that were slaughtered;

(2) The quantity of lambs purchased through forward contracts that were slaughtered;

(3) The quantity of lambs delivered under a formula marketing arrangement that were slaughtered;

(4) The quantity and carcass characteristics of packer-owned lambs that were slaughtered;

(5) The quantity, basis level, and delivery month for all lambs purchased through forward contracts;

(6) The following information applicable to the current slaughter week. The range and average of intended premiums and discounts (including those associated with weight, quality grade, yield grade, or type of lamb) that are expected to be in effect for the current slaughter week; and

(7) The following information for lambs purchased through a formula marketing arrangement and slaughtered during the prior slaughter week, categorized to clearly delineate domestic from imported market purchases:

(i) The quantity (quoted in both numbers of head and pounds) of lambs;

(ii) The weighted average price paid for a carcass, including applicable premiums and discounts;

- (iii) The range of premiums and discounts paid;
- (iv) The weighted average of premiums and discounts paid; and
- (v) The range of prices paid.

(b) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make available to the public the information obtained in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(5) and (a)(7) of this section on the second reporting day of the current slaughter week and information obtained in paragraph (a)(6) of this section on the first reporting day of the current slaughter week.

§59.303 Mandatory reporting of lamb carcasses and boxed lamb.

(a) *Daily reporting of lamb carcass transactions.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer shall report to the Secretary each reporting day the following information on total carlot-based lamb carcass transactions not later than 3 p.m. central time in accordance with §59.10(b):

(1) The price for each lot of each lamb carcass transaction, quoted in dollars per hundredweight on an F.O.B. plant basis;

(2) The quantity for each lot of each transaction, quoted by number of carcasses sold and purchased; and

(3) The following information regarding the characteristics of each transaction:

- (i) The type of transaction;
- (ii) The USDA quality grade of lamb;
- (iii) The USDA yield grade;
- (iv) The estimated weight range of the carcasses; and
- (v) The product delivery period.

(b) *Daily reporting of domestic boxed lamb sales.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each packer shall report to the Secretary each reporting day the following information on total domestic boxed lamb cut sales not later than 2:30 p.m. central time as described in §59.10(b):

(1) The price for each lot of each boxed lamb cut sale, quoted in dollars per hundredweight on a F.O.B. plant basis;

(2) The quantity for each lot of each sale, quoted by product weight sold; and

(3) The following information regarding the characteristics of each transaction:

- (i) The type of sale;

(ii) The branded product characteristics, if applicable;

(iii) The USDA quality grade of lamb;

(iv) The cut of lamb, referencing the most recent version of the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS), when applicable;

(v) USDA yield grade, if applicable;

(vi) The product state of refrigeration;

(vii) The weight range of the cut; and

(viii) The product delivery period.

(c) *Weekly Reporting of Imported Boxed Lamb Sales.* The corporate officers or officially designated representatives of each lamb importer shall report to the Secretary on the first reporting day of each week the following information applicable to the prior week for imported boxed lamb cut sales not later than 10 a.m. central time:

(1) The price for each lot of a boxed lamb cut sale, quoted in dollars per hundredweight on a F.O.B. plant basis;

(2) The quantity for each lot of a transaction, quoted by product weight sold; and

(3) The following information regarding the characteristics of each transaction:

(i) The type of sale;

(ii) The branded product characteristics, if applicable;

(iii) The cut of lamb, referencing the most recent version of the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS), when applicable;

(iv) The product state of refrigeration;

(v) The weight range of the cut; and

(vi) The product delivery period.

(d) *Publication.* The Secretary shall make available to the public the information required to be reported in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section not less frequently than once each reporting day and the information required to be reported in paragraph (c) of this section on the first reporting day of the current slaughter week.

Subpart E—OMB Control Number

§59.400 OMB control number assigned pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act.

The information collection and recordkeeping requirements of this part have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB Control Number 0581-0186.

Forms and Guidelines

Livestock Mandatory Reporting General Guideline

Cattle Mandatory Reporting

LP-113 Live Cattle Daily Report (Current Established Prices)

LP-113 Guideline

LP-114 Live Cattle Daily Report (Committed and Delivered Cattle)

LP-114 Guideline

LP-115 Live Cattle Weekly Report (Forward Contract and Packer-Owned)

LP-115 Guideline

LP-117 Cattle Premiums and Discounts Weekly Report

LP-117 Guideline

LP-131 Cow/Bull Plant Delivered Bids (Dressed Basis)

LP-131 Guideline

LP-132 Live Cow/Bull Daily Purchase Report

LP-132 Guideline

LP-126 Boxed Beef Daily Report

LP-126 Guideline

Swine Mandatory Reporting

LP-89 Wholesale Pork Daily Report

LP-89 Guideline

LP-118 Swine Prior Day Report

LP-118 Guideline

LP-119 Swine Daily Report

LP-119 Guideline

LP-120 Weekly Non-Carcass Merit Premium Swine Reporting

LP-120 Guideline

Lamb Mandatory Reporting

LP-121 Live Lamb Daily Report (Current Established Prices)

LP-121 Guideline

LP-123 Live Lamb Weekly Report
LP-123 Guideline

LP-124 Live Lamb Weekly Report (Formula Purchases)
LP-124 Guideline

LP-125 Lamb Premiums and Discounts Weekly Report
LP-125 Guideline

LP-128 Boxed Lamb Daily Report
LP-128 Guideline

LP-129 Lamb Carcass Report
LP-129 Guideline

Guideline

Livestock Mandatory Reporting General Guideline

The following reporting guidelines may be used by persons required to report electronically transmitted mandatory market information to the Agricultural Marketing Service.

The first fields of each reporting form provide the following information:

1. Identification number (plant establishment number or importer ID number)
2. Company name (name of parent company)
3. Plant street address (street address for plant)
4. Plant city (city where plant is located)
5. Plant state (state where plant is located)
6. Plant zip code (zip code where plant is located)
7. Contact name (the name of the corporate representative contact at the plant)
8. Phone number (full phone number for the plant including area code)
9. Reporting date (date the information was submitted (mm/dd/yyyy))



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE CATTLE DAILY REPORT
(Current Established Prices)

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	PURCHASE TYPE CODE	CLASS CODE	CLASSIFICATION CODE
1. COMPANY NAME	1 = NEGOTIATED CASH 2 = FORMULA NET 3 = FORWARD CONTRACT NET 4 = NEGOTIATED GRID NET 5 = FORMULA BASE 6 = FORWARD CONTRACT BASE 7 = NEGOTIATED GRID BASE	1 = MIXED STEER/HEIFER 2 = STEER 3 = HEIFER 4 = DAIRYBRED STR/HFR 5 = MIXED STR/HFR/COW	1 = PRIME 2 = CHOICE 3 = SELECT 4 = STANDARD
2. PLANT STREET ADDRESS			
3. PLANT CITY			
4. PLANT STATE			
5. PLANT ZIP CODE			
6. CONTACT NAME			
7. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)			
8. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)			
9. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)			
10. LOT IDENTIFICATION			
11. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)			
12. PURCHASE TYPE CODE			
13. CLASS CODE			
14a. SELLING BASIS (1 = Live; 2 = Dressed)			
14b. SELLING BASIS - Shipment (1 = FOB; 2 = Delivered)			
15. HEAD COUNT			
16. ESTIMATED AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)			
17. AVERAGE PRICE (\$/cwt)			
18. % CHOICE OR BETTER			
19. CLASSIFICATION CODE			
20. DRESSING PERCENTAGE			
21. ORIGIN (2-Letter State postal abbr.)			
22. PREMIUM PAID - WEIGHT (\$/cwt.)			
23a. PREMIUM PAID - QUALITY (\$/cwt.)			
23b. PREMIUM PAID - YIELD (\$/cwt.)			
23c. DISCOUNT PAID - WEIGHT (\$/cwt.)			
23d. DISCOUNT PAID - QUALITY (\$/cwt.)			
23e. PREMIUM PAID - OTHER (\$/cwt.)			
23f. DISCOUNT PAID - OTHER (\$/cwt.)			
23g. PACKER FINANCING (1 = yes; 2 = no)			
23h. DELIVERY LOCATION (1 = producer; 2 = packer)			
23i. DELIVERY DATE (1 = 1-14; 2 = 15-30)			

NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

Guideline

LP-113 Live Cattle Daily Report (Current Established Prices)

- (i) Lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Source (12). Enter “1”, domestic, if cattle were purchased inside of the 50 States, or “2”, imported, if cattle were purchased outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Purchase type code (13). Enter the code that describes the type of purchase.
- (iv) Class code (14). Enter the code that best describes the type of cattle.
- (v) Selling basis (15a–b). For 15a, enter “1” if cattle were purchased on a live basis or “2” if cattle were purchased on a dressed basis. For 15b, enter “1” if cattle are shipped on an FOB feedlot basis or “2” if cattle are delivered at the plant.
- (vi) Head count (16). Enter the quantity of cattle in the lot in number of head.
- (vii) Estimated average weight (17). Enter the estimated average weight of the lot in pounds.
- (viii) Average price (18). Enter the price established on that day for the lot in dollars per hundredweight.
 - (I) For negotiated purchases, enter the price that was agreed upon.
 - (II) For formula purchases, enter the base price when established (with estimated grading information if not yet known). Then enter the final net price with all actual grading information when it is known.
 - (III) For forward contract purchases, enter the base price when established (with estimated grading information if not yet known). Then enter the final net price paid on the contract with actual grading information.
 - (IV) For negotiated grid purchases, enter the base price when established (with estimated grading information if not yet known). Then enter the final net price with all actual grading information.
- (ix) Percent Choice or better (19). Enter the percentage of the number of cattle in the lot of a quality grade of Choice or better.
- (x) Classification code (20). Enter the code which best describes the quality of the majority of the cattle in the lot.
- (xi) Dressing percentage (21). Enter an average dressing percentage for the cattle in the lot. For negotiated purchases, enter an estimate. For all other purchase types, enter the actual average dressing percentage.
- (xii) Origin (22). Enter the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the State in which the cattle were fed to slaughter weight. For imported cattle enter “CN” for Canada.

LP-113 Live Cattle Daily Report (Current Established Prices) – (Cont.)

- (xiii) Premiums and discounts paid (23a– h). Enter the total net value of the adjustment for the lot (in dollars per hundredweight) for any premiums associated with weight, quality, yield or other expressed as a positive value and for any discounts associated with weight, quality, yield or other expressed as a negative value in parenthesis.
- (xiv) Terms of Trade (24a–d).
- (I) Packer financing (24a). Enter “1” (yes) or “2” (no) in response to: ‘Did packer provide financing agreement or arrangement with regards to the cattle?’
- (II) Delivery location (24b). Enter “1” if delivery terms specify producer location, “2” if they specify packer’s plant location.
- (III) Delivery Date (24c). Enter “1” if producer sets date of delivery for slaughter unilaterally; otherwise enter “2” for packer.
- (IV) Delivered (24d). Enter “1” if negotiated purchased cattle are to be delivered for slaughter 14 or less days from the committed, purchased, or priced date. Enter “2” if they are to be delivered for slaughter from 15 to 30 days from the date the cattle were committed, purchased, or priced.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE CATTLE DAILY REPORT
(Committed and Delivered Cattle)

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	PURCHASE TYPE CODE	CLASS CODE
2. COMPANY NAME	1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = FORMULA NET 3 = FORWARD CONTRACT NET 4 = NEGOTIATED GRID NET 5 = FORMULA BASE 6 = FORWARD CONTRACT BASE 7 = NEGOTIATED GRID BASE	1 = MIXED STEER/HEIFER 2 = STEER 3 = HEIFER 4 = DAIRYBRED STEER/HEIFER 5 = MIXED STR/HFR/COW
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS		
4. PLANT CITY		
5. PLANT STATE		
6. PLANT ZIP CODE		
7. CONTACT NAME		
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)		
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)		
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)		
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION		
12. PURCHASING BASIS (1 = Delivered; 2 = Committed)		
13. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)		
14. PURCHASE TYPE CODE		
15. CLASS CODE		
16. SELLING BASIS (1 = Live; 2 = Dressed)		
17. HEAD COUNT		
18. ORIGIN (2-Letter State postal abbr.)		
<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>		
19a. PACKER FINANCING (1 = yes; 2 = no)		
19b. DELIVERY LOCATION (1 = producer; 2 = packer)		
19c. DELIVERY DATE (1 = producer; 2 = packer)		
19d. DELIVERED (1 = Less than 7; 2 = greater than 7 less than 14)		

Guideline

LP-114 Live Cattle Daily Report (Committed and Delivered Cattle)

- (i) Lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Purchasing basis (12). Enter “1” if cattle are delivered or “2” if cattle are committed.
- (iii) Source (13). Enter “1”, domestic, if cattle are purchased within the 50 States or “2”, imported, if cattle are purchased outside of the 50 States.
- (iv) Purchase type code (14). Enter the code that best describes the type of purchase.
- (v) Class Code (15). Enter the code that best describes the type of cattle in the lot.
- (vi) Selling basis (16). Enter “1” if cattle were purchased on a live basis or a “2” if cattle were purchased on a dressed basis.
- (vii) Head count (17). Enter the quantity of cattle in the lot in number of head.
- (viii) Origin (18). Enter the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the State in which the cattle were fed to slaughter weight. For imported cattle, enter “CN” for Canada.
- (ix) Terms of Trade (19a–d). Enter when applicable, otherwise leave blank.
 - (I) Packer financing (19a). Enter “1” (yes) or “2” (no) in response to: “Did packer provide financing agreement or arrangement with regards to the cattle?”
 - (II) Delivery location (19b). Enter “1” if delivery terms specify producer location, “2” if they specify packer’s plant location.
 - (III) Delivery Date (19c). Enter “1” if producer sets date of delivery for slaughter unilaterally; otherwise enter “2” for packer.
 - (IV) Delivered (19d). Enter “1” if negotiated purchased cattle are to be delivered for slaughter 7 or less days from the committed, purchased, or priced date. Enter “2” if they are to be delivered for slaughter from 8 to 14 days from the date the cattle were committed, purchased, or priced.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE CATTLE WEEKLY REPORT
(Forward Contract and Packer-Owned)

NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	
2. COMPANY NAME	
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS	
4. PLANT CITY	
5. PLANT STATE	
6. PLANT ZIP CODE	
7. CONTACT NAME	
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)	
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)	
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)	(NOT APPLICABLE)
SLAUGHTERED PACKER-OWNED CATTLE	
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION	
12. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)	
13. HEAD COUNT	
14. ACTUAL AVERAGE CARCASS WEIGHT	
15. AVERAGE DRESSING PERCENTAGE	
16. % YIELD GRADE 3 OR BETTER	
17. % QUALITY GRADE CHOICE OR BETTER	
PRIOR WEEK SLAUGHTERED CATTLE HEAD COUNTS <i>(Data in this block to be entered once per weekly submission.)</i>	
18. DOMESTIC, FORMULA ARRANGEMENT	Head Count
19. IMPORTED, FORMULA ARRANGEMENT	Head Count
20. DOMESTIC, NEGOTIATED	Head Count
21. IMPORTED, NEGOTIATED	Head Count
22. DOMESTIC, NEGOTIATED GRID	Head Count
23. IMPORTED, NEGOTIATED GRID	Head Count
24. DOMESTIC, FORWARD CONTRACT	Head Count
25. IMPORTED, FORWARD CONTRACT	Head Count
FORWARD CONTRACT PURCHASED CATTLE	
26. LOT IDENTIFICATION	
27. HEAD COUNT	
28. BASIS LEVEL (\$/cwt.)	
29. DELIVERY MONTH (abbreviated)	
30. DELIVERY YEAR (yyyy)	
31. BASIS LEVEL MONTH (abbreviated)	

Guideline

LP-115 Live Cattle Weekly Report (Forward Contract and Packer-Owned)

- (i) Packer-Owned lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot of packer-owned cattle to the packer.
- (ii) Packer-Owned source (12). Enter “1”, domestic, if packer-owned cattle are from within the 50 States or “2”, imported, if cattle are from outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Packer-Owned head count (13). Enter the quantity of packer-owned cattle in the lot in number of head.
- (iv) Packer-Owned actual carcass weight range (14). Enter the actual average carcass weight of the lot in pounds.
- (v) Packer-Owned average dressing percentage (15). Enter the average dressing percentage of the lot of packer-owned cattle.
- (vi) Percentage yield grade 3 or better (16). Enter the percentage of packer-owned cattle in the lot of a yield grade of 3 or better.
- (vii) Quality grade percentage (17). Enter the percentage of packer-owned cattle in the lot of a quality grade of Choice or better.
- (viii) Prior week slaughtered cattle head counts (18–25). Enter the total number of head of cattle slaughtered for the prior week that were purchased through forward contracts, the total number of head for cattle purchased through formula arrangements, the total number of head of cattle purchased through negotiated cash, and the total number of head purchased through negotiated grids, categorized by domestic or imported sources. Enter this information once per each week’s submission.
- (ix) Forward contract purchases lot identification (26). Enter code used to identify forward contracted cattle to the packer.
- (x) Forward contract purchases head count (27). Enter quantity of forward contracted cattle in the lot in number of head.
- (xi) Forward contract purchases basis level (28). Enter the agreed upon adjustment to a future price to establish the final price of the forward contracted cattle in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (xii) Forward contract purchases delivery month (29). Enter the delivery month of the cattle purchased through forward contracts as a 3-letter abbreviation.
- (xiii) Forward contract purchases delivery year (30).
- (xiv) Forward contract purchases basis level month (31). Enter the basis month which the contract was based off of. Use 3- letter abbreviation.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

CATTLE PREMIUMS AND DISCOUNTS WEEKLY REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER		<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 5 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and funder.</p>
2. COMPANY NAME		
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS		
4. PLANT CITY		
5. PLANT STATE		
6. PLANT ZIP CODE		
7. CONTACT NAME		
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)		
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)		
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)	(NOT APPLICABLE)	
11. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Prime		27. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 400-500 lbs. Carcass
12. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Choice		28. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 500-550 lbs. Carcass
13. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Select		29. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 550-600 lbs. Carcass
14. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Standard		30. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 600-900 lbs. Carcass
15. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Avg. Choice or Better		31. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 900-950 lbs. Carcass
16. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Dairy-Type		32. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 950-1000 lbs. Carcass
17. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Bullock/Stag		33. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - over 1000 lbs. Carcass
18. PREMIUM DISCOUNT - Hardbone		34. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Hide (Brand Location)
19. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Dark Cutter		35a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description
20. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 1.0-2.0 (<=1" Fat)		35b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value
21. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 2.0-2.5 (<=2" Fat)		36a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description
22. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 2.5-3.0 (<=4" Fat)		36b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value
23. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 3.0-3.5 (<=6" Fat)		37a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description
24. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 3.5-4.0 (<=8" Fat)		37b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value
25. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 4.0-5.0 (<=1.2" Fat)		38a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description
26. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 5.0/up (>=1.2" Fat)		38b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value

Guideline

LP-117 Cattle Premiums and Discounts Weekly Report

- (i) Enter the premiums and discounts (in dollars per hundredweight) expected to be in effect for the current slaughter week for each applicable category of premium and discount (11–34). For “other” categories (35–38), provide a brief description of the basis for the premium/discount along with the value of the premium/discount. Enter negative values in parenthesis.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

COW/BULL PLANT DELIVERED BIDS
(Dressed Basis)

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	
2. COMPANY NAME	
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS	
4. PLANT CITY	
5. PLANT STATE	
6. PLANT ZIP CODE	
7. CONTACT NAME	
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)	
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)	
10. PREMIUM WHITE (All Weights)	
11. BREAKER 75% (500 and up)	
12. BREAKER 75% (400-500 lbs)	
13. BREAKER 75% (350-400 lbs)	
14. BREAKER 75% (Under 350 lbs)	
15. BONER 85% (500 and up)	
16. BONER 85% (400-500 lbs)	
17. BONER 85% (350-400 lbs)	
18. BONER 85% (Under 350 lbs)	
19. CUTTER (Lean) 90% (500 lbs and up)	
20. CUTTER (Lean) 90% (400-500 lbs)	
21. CUTTER (Lean) 90% (350-400 lbs)	
22. CUTTER (Lean) 90% (Under 350 lbs)	
23. BULL (Over 600 lbs)	
24. BULL (Under 600 lbs)	

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Guideline

LP-131 Cow/Bull Plant Delivered Bids (Dressed Basis)

Enter the plant delivered bids the plant expects to have in effect for that day in dollars per cwt. for each category.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE COW/BULL DAILY PURCHASE REPORT

	PURCHASE TYPE CODE	CLASS CODES	CLASSIFICATION CODE
1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = FORMULA NET 3 = FORWARD CONTRACT NET 4 = NEGOTIATED GRID NET 5 = FORMULA BASE 6 = FORWARD CONTRACT BASE 7 = NEGOTIATED GRID BASE	6 = DAIRY COW 7 = BEEF COW 8 = MIXED COW 9 = BULL	5 = PREMIUM WHITE 6 = CUTTER/CANNER 90% 7 = BONER 85% 8 = BREAKER 75% 9 = BULL 92%
2. COMPANY NAME	<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotope, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>		
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS			
4. PLANT CITY			
5. PLANT STATE			
6. PLANT ZIP CODE			
7. CONTACT NAME			
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)			
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)			
10. LOT IDENTIFICATION			
11. SOURCE (1=Domestic, 2=Imported)			
12. PURCHASE TYPE CODE			
13. CLASS CODE			
14. SELLING BASIS (1 = Live; 2 = Dressed)			
15. SHIPMENT BASIS (1 = FOB, 2 = Delivered)	21d. DISCOUNT PAID - Weight (\$/cwt.)		
16. HEAD COUNT	21e. DISCOUNT PAID - Quality (\$/cwt.)		
17. ESTIMATED AVERAGE WEIGHT	21f. DISCOUNT PAID - Yield (\$/cwt.)		
18. AVERAGE NET PRICE (\$/cwt)			
19. CLASSIFICATION CODE			
20. ORIGIN (2 Letter State Postal Abbr.)			
21a. PREMIUM PAID - Weight (\$/cwt.)			
21b. PREMIUM PAID - Quality (\$/cwt.)			
21c. PREMIUM PAID - Yield (\$/cwt.)			

Guideline

LP-132 Live Cow/Bull Daily Purchase Report

- (i) Lot identification (10). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Source (11). Enter “1”, domestic, if cattle were purchased inside of the 50 States, or “2”, imported, if cattle were purchased outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Purchase type code (12). Enter the code that describes the type of purchase.
- (iv) Class code (13). Enter the code that best describes the type of cattle.
- (v) Selling basis (14-15). For 14, enter “1” if cattle were purchased on a live basis or “2” if cattle were purchased on a dressed basis. For 15, enter “1” if cattle are shipped on an FOB feedlot basis or “2” if cattle are delivered at the plant.
- (vi) Head count (16). Enter the quantity of cattle in the lot in number of head.
- (vii) Estimated average weight (17). Enter the estimated average weight of the lot in pounds.
- (viii) Average price (18). Enter the price established on that day for the lot in dollars per hundredweight.
 - (I) For negotiated purchases, enter the final net price that was paid.
 - (II) For formula purchases, enter the base price when established (with estimated grading info if not yet known). Then enter the final net price with all actual grading information when it is known.
 - (III) For forward contract purchases, enter the base price when established (estimated grading info if not yet known). Then enter the final net price paid on the contract with actual grading information.
 - (IV) For negotiated grid purchases, enter the base price when established (estimated grading info if not yet known). Then enter the final net price with all actual grading information.
- (ix) Classification code (19). Enter the code which best describes the quality of the majority of the cattle in the lot.
- (x) Origin (20). Enter the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the State in which the cattle were fed to slaughter weight. For imported cattle enter “CN” for Canada.
- (xi) Premiums and discounts paid (21a–f). Enter the total net value of the adjustment for the lot (in dollars per hundredweight) for any premiums associated with weight, quality, or yield expressed as a positive value and for any discounts associated with weight, quality, or yield expressed as a negative value in parenthesis.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

BOXED BEEF DAILY REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	DELIVERY PERIOD	CLASS CODE	CLASSIFICATION CODE	TRIM SPEC CODE
2. COMPANY NAME	1 = 0-21 DAYS 2 = 22-60 DAYS 3 = 61-90 DAYS 4 = 91/UP DAYS	1 = MIXED STEER/HEIFER 2 = STEER 3 = HEIFER 4 = DAIRY/BRED STR/HFR 5 = MIXED STR/HFR/COW 6 = DAIRY COW 7 = BEEF COW 8 = MIXED COW 9 = BULL	1 = PRIME 2 = CHOICE 3 = SELECT 4 = PREMIUM WHITE 5 = CUTTER/CANNER 90% 6 = BONER 85% 7 = BREAKER 75% 8 = BULL 92% 9 = UNGRADED	1 = 3/4" AVG; 1" MAX 2 = 1/4" AVG; 1/2" MAX 3 = 1/8" AVG; 1/4" MAX 4 = PRACTICALLY FREE; 1/8" MAX 5 = PEEL/DENuded; 1/8" MAX 6 = PEEL/DENuded SURFACE MEMBRANE REMOVED; 1/8" MAX 7 = GROUND BEEF 8 = TRIMMINGS 9 = BONELESS PROCESSING BEEF
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS				
4. PLANT CITY				
5. PLANT STATE				
6. PLANT ZIP CODE				
7. CONTACT NAME				
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)				
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)				
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)				
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION OR PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER				
12. DESTINATION (1 = Domestic; 2 = Export Overseas, 3 = Export NAFTA)				
13. SALES TYPE CODE				
14. DELIVERY PERIOD CODE				
15. REFRIGERATION (1 = Fresh; 2 = Frozen)				
16. CLASS CODE				
17. CLASSIFICATION CODE				
18a. BEEF CUT - IMPS Code				
18b. BEEF CUT - Description (if IMPS not applicable)				
19. TRIM SPECIFICATION CODE				
20. WEIGHT (1=Light; 2=Medium; 3= Heavy; 4=Mixed)				
21. TOTAL PRODUCT WEIGHT (pounds)				
22. FOB PLANT PRICE (\$/cwt.)				
23. USDA CERTIFIED SCHEDULE CODE (if applicable)				
24a. BRANDED PRODUCT CODE - Quality				
24b. BRANDED PRODUCT CODE - Yield				

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Guideline

LP-126 Boxed Beef Daily Report

For lots comprising multiple items, provide information for each item in a separate record identified with the same lot identification or purchase order number.

- (i) Lot identification or purchase order number (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Destination (12). Enter “1”, domestic, for product shipped within the 50 States; or “2”, exported, for product shipped overseas; or “3”, exported, for product shipped NAFTA (Canada or Mexico).
- (iii) Purchase type code (13). Enter the code corresponding to the sale type of the lot of boxed beef.
- (iv) Delivery period code (14). Enter the code corresponding to the delivery time period of the lot of boxed beef.
- (v) Refrigeration (15). Enter “1” if the product is sold in a fresh condition with an age of 14 days or less from the date of manufacture, “2” if the product is sold in a frozen condition, or “3” if the product is sold in a fresh condition with an age of more than 14 days from the date of manufacture.
- (vi) Class code (16). Enter the code that best describes the class of cattle from which the boxed beef was produced.
- (vii) Classification code (17). Enter the code corresponding to the grade of the boxed beef.
- (viii) Beef cut (18a–b). Enter the numerical code corresponding to the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS) (3 to 4 characters) (18a) or the internal corporate descriptor used to identify the product (18b). Descriptors must be entered consistently for all submissions.
- (ix) Trim spec code (19). Enter the code corresponding to the trim level of the boxed beef.
- (x) Weight (20). Enter the code corresponding to the relative weight of the product. Where weight is a factor, enter “1” to signify the lighter weight range, “2” to signify the middle weight range, or “3” to signify the heavier weight range. Where weight is not a factor, enter “4” to signify all weights or mixed.
- (xi) Total product weight (21). Enter the total weight of the boxed beef cut in the lot in pounds.
- (xii) Price (22). Enter the price received for each boxed beef cut in the lot in dollars per one hundred pounds, FOB Plant basis.
- (xiii) USDA Certified schedule code (23). Enter the code for the USDA Certified Program schedule, if applicable (e.g. G1, G2, etc.); otherwise leave blank.
- (xiv) Branded product code (24a–b). Enter the quality grade code (24a) and the yield grade code (24b) that best describes the brand. Leave blank if not applicable.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

WHOLESALE PORK DAILY REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	DELIVERY PERIOD CODE	CLASS CODE	REFRIGERATION CODE	SALES TYPE CODE
2. COMPANY NAME	1 = 0-14 DAYS BOX 2 = 15-60 DAYS BOX 3 = 61 DAYS/UP BOX 4 = 0-10 DAYS COMBO 5 = 11-60 DAYS COMBO 6 = 61 DAYS/UP COMBO	1 = BARROW/GILTS 2 = SOW 3 = BOAR 4 = MIXED BAR/GILT/ SOW/BOAR	1 = 0-6 FRESH, COMBO 2 = 7+ FRESH, COMBO 3 = 0-10 FRESH, BOXED 4 = 11+ FRESH, BOXED 5 = FROZEN	1 = NEGOTIATED SALE 2 = FORWARD SALE 3 = FORMULA MARKETING ARRANGEMENT
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS	<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average .1250 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>			
4. PLANT CITY				
5. PLANT STATE				
6. PLANT ZIP CODE				
7. CONTACT NAME				
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)				
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)				
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)				
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION				
12. DESTINATION (1 = Domestic; 2 = Export/Overseas; 3 = NAFTA)				
13. SALES TYPE CODE				
14. DELIVERY PERIOD CODE				
15. REFRIGERATION				
16. CLASS CODE				
17. PORK ITEM PRODUCT CODE				
18. PORK ITEM - Description				
19. TOTAL PRODUCT WEIGHT				
20. FOB PLANT PRICE (\$/CWT)				
21. FOB OMAHA PRICE (\$/CWT)				

Guideline

LP-89 Wholesale Pork Daily Report

For lots comprising multiple items, provide information for each item in a separate record identified with the same lot identification or purchase order number.

- (i) Lot identification or purchase order number (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Destination (12). Enter '1', domestic, for product shipped within the 50 States; '2', exported, for product shipped overseas; and '3', exported, for product shipped NAFTA (Canada or Mexico).
- (iii) Sales type code (13). Enter the code corresponding to the sales type of the lot of wholesale pork.
- (iv) Delivery period code (14). Enter the code corresponding to the delivery time period of the lot of wholesale pork.
- (v) Refrigeration (15). Enter '1' if the product is sold in 0–6 days fresh, combo; '2' if the product is sold 7 or more days fresh, combo; '3' if the product is sold 0–10 days fresh, boxed; '4' if the product is sold 11 or more days fresh, boxed; and '5' if the product is sold in a frozen condition.
- (vi) Class code (16). Enter '1' if the product was derived from barrows/gilts, '2' for sows, '3' for boar, and '4' for mixed.
- (vii) Pork item product code (17). Enter the company product code for item sold.
- (viii) Pork item—Description (18). Enter the pork item name.
- (ix) Total product weight (19). Enter the total weight of the wholesale pork cuts in the lot in pounds.
- (x) F.O.B. Plant Price (20). Enter the price received for each wholesale pork cut in the lot in dollars per one hundred pounds, FOB Plant basis.
- (xi) F.O.B. Omaha Price (21). Enter the price received for each wholesale pork cut in the lot in dollars per one hundred pounds, FOB Omaha basis.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE



SWINE PRIOR DAY REPORT

		CLASS CODE	PURCHASE TYPE CODE	OWNERSHIP CODE
1.	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	1 = BARROWS/GILTS 2 = SOW 3 = BOARS/STAGS	1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = OTHER MARKET FORMULA 3 = SWINE OR PORK MARKET FORMULA 4 = OTHER PURCHASE ARRANGEMENT 5 = PACKER-SOLD NEGOTIATED 6 = PACKER-SOLD OTHER MARKET FORMULA 7 = PACKER-SOLD SWINE OR PORK MARKET FORMULA 8 = PACKER-SOLD OTHER PURCHASE ARRANGEMENT 9 = PACKER-OWNED 10 = NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASE 11 = PACKER-SOLD NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASE	1 = PACKER-OWNED 2 = PACKER-SOLD 3 = ALL OTHER
2.	COMPANY NAME			
3.	PLANT STREET ADDRESS			
4.	PLANT CITY			
5.	PLANT STATE			
6.	PLANT ZIP CODE			
7.	CONTACT NAME			
8.	PHONE NUMBER (include area code)			
9.	REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)			
10.	REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)			
11.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Lot Identification			
12.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Class Code			
13.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Purchase Type Code			
14.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Head Count			
15.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Base Price (\$/cwt.)			
16.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Average Net Price (\$/cwt.)			
17.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Average Live Weight (pounds)			
18.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Avg. Carcass Weight (pounds)			
19.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Average Sort Loss (\$/cwt.)			
20.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Average Backfat (inches)			
21.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Average Loin Depth (inches)			
22.	SLAUGHTERED SWINE - Average Lean Percentage			
23.	PURCHASED SWINE - Lot Identification			
24.	PURCHASED SWINE - Ownership Code			
25.	PURCHASED SWINE - Class Code			
26.	PURCHASED SWINE - Purchase Type Code			
27.	PURCHASED SWINE - Head Count			
28.	PURCHASED SWINE - Avg. Live Weight (pounds)			
29.	PURCHASED SWINE - Base Price (\$/cwt.)			
30.	ORIGIN (State postal)			

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

SWINE PRIOR DAY REPORT

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31. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 1		
32. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 2		
33. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 3		
34. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 4		
35. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 5		
36. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 6		
37. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 7		
	38. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 8	
	39. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 9	
	40. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 10	
	41. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 11	
	42. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 12	
	43. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 13	
	44. SCHEDULED SWINE - Head Count for Day 14	

Guideline

LP-118 Swine Prior Day Report

- (i) Slaughtered swine lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot of slaughtered swine to the packer.
- (ii) Slaughtered swine class code (12). Enter the code that best describes the type of slaughtered swine in the lot.
- (iii) Slaughtered swine purchase type code (13). Enter the code that describes the type of purchase for the slaughtered swine in the lot.
- (iv) Slaughtered swine head count (14). Enter the quantity of slaughtered swine in the lot in number of head.
- (v) Slaughtered swine base price (15). Enter the base price established on that day for the lot of slaughtered swine in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (vi) Slaughtered swine average net price (16). Enter the average net price established on that day for the lot of slaughtered swine in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (vii) Slaughtered swine average live weight (17). Enter the average live weight of the lot of swine in pounds if slaughtered swine were purchased on a live basis, otherwise leave blank.
- (viii) Slaughtered swine average carcass weight (18). Enter the average carcass weight of the lot of slaughtered swine in pounds.
- (ix) Slaughtered swine average sort loss (19). Enter the average sort loss for the lot of slaughtered swine in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (x) Slaughtered swine average backfat (20). Enter the average backfat measurement for the lot of slaughtered swine in inches rounded to the nearest tenth of an inch.
- (xi) Slaughtered swine average loin depth (21). Enter the average loin depth measurement for the lot of slaughtered swine in inches rounded to the nearest tenth of an inch.
- (xii) Slaughtered swine average lean percentage (22). Enter the average lean percentage for the lot of slaughtered swine.
- (xiii) Purchased swine lot identification (23). Enter code used to identify the lot of purchased swine to the packer.
- (xiv) Purchased swine ownership code (24). Enter code which best describes the source of the purchased swine whether packer-owned, purchased from another packer, or all other swine.
- (xv) Purchased swine class code (25). Enter the code that best describes the type of purchased swine.
- (xvi) Purchased swine purchase type code (26). Enter the code that describes the type of purchase for the purchased swine.
- (xvii) Purchased swine head count (27). Enter the quantity of purchased swine in the lot.

LP-118 Swine Prior Day Report – (Cont.)

- (xviii) Purchased swine average live weight (28). Enter the average live weight of the lot of swine in pounds if swine were purchased on a live basis, otherwise leave blank.
- (xix) Purchased swine base price (29). Enter the base price established on that day for the lot of purchased swine in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (xx) Purchased swine origin (30). Enter the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the State in which the swine were fed to slaughter weight.
- (xxi) Scheduled swine (31–44). Enter the number of head of purchase commitment swine that were scheduled for delivery for each of the next 14 days. Enter the total quantity currently scheduled for each day at the time of reporting for each submission.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

SWINE DAILY REPORT

		CLASS CODE	PURCHASE TYPE CODE
1.	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	1 = BARROWS/GILTS 2 = SOW 3 = BOARS/STAGS	1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = OTHER MARKET FORMULA 3 = SWINE OR PORK MARKET FORMULA 4 = OTHER PURCHASE ARRANGEMENT 5 = PACKER-SOLD NEGOTIATED 6 = PACKER-SOLD OTHER MARKET FORMULA
2.	COMPANY NAME		7 = PACKER-SOLD SWINE OR PORK MARKET FORMULA 8 = PACKER-SOLD OTHER PURCHASE ARRANGEMENT 9 = BLANK 10 = NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASE 11 = PACKER-SOLD NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASE
3.	PLANT STREET ADDRESS		
4.	PLANT CITY		
5.	PLANT STATE		
6.	PLANT ZIP CODE		
7.	CONTACT NAME		
8.	PHONE NUMBER (include area code)		
9.	REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)		
10.	REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)		
11.	PURCHASED SWINE - Lot Identification		
12.	PURCHASED SWINE - Purchase Type Code		
13.	PURCHASED SWINE - Average Live Weight		
14.	PURCHASED SWINE - Class Code		
PACKER-SOLD SWINE PURCHASES			
15.	PURCHASED SWINE - Head Count		Head Count
16.	PURCHASED SWINE - Base Price (\$/cwt.)		Head Count
17.	PURCHASED SWINE - Origin (2-letter State postal abbr.)		Head Count
ALL OTHER SWINE PURCHASES			
18.	EST. NEGOTIATED PURCHASES		Head Count
19.	EST. OTHER MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
20.	EST. SWINE/PORK MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
21.	EST. OTHER ARRANGEMENT PURCHASES		Head Count
22.	ACT. NEGOTIATED PURCHASES		Head Count
23.	ACT. OTHER MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
24.	ACT. SWINE/PORK MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
25.	ACT. OTHER ARRANGEMENT PURCHASES		Head Count
26.	EST. NEGOTIATED PURCHASES		Head Count
27.	EST. OTHER MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
28.	EST. SWINE/PORK MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
29.	EST. OTHER ARRANGEMENT PURCHASES		Head Count
30.	ACT. NEGOTIATED PURCHASES		Head Count
31.	ACT. OTHER MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
32.	ACT. SWINE/PORK MARKET FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
33.	ACT. OTHER ARRANGEMENT PURCHASES		Head Count
34.	EST. NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count
35.	ACT. NEGOTIATED FORMULA PURCHASES		Head Count

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Guideline

LP-119 Swine Daily Report

- (i) Purchased swine lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot of purchased swine to the packer.
- (ii) Purchased swine purchase type code (12). Enter the code that describes the type of purchase for the swine in the lot.
- (iii) Purchased swine average live weight (13). Enter the average live weight of the lot of swine in pounds if swine were purchased on a live basis, otherwise leave blank.
- (iv) Purchased swine class code (14). Enter the code that best describes the type of swine in the lot.
- (v) Purchased swine head count (15). Enter the quantity of swine in the lot in number of head.
- (vi) Purchased swine base price (16). Enter the base price established on that day for the lot of swine in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (vii) Purchased swine origin (17). Enter the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the State in which the swine were fed to slaughter weight.
- (viii) Packer-sold swine purchases (18–25, 34-35). Enter the best estimate of the total number of packer-sold swine expected to be purchased throughout the reporting day for each purchase type and the total number of packer-sold swine purchased since 1:30 p.m. central of the previous reporting day up to that time of the reporting day for each purchase type.
- (ix) All other swine purchases (26–33, 36-37). Enter the best estimate of the total number of all other swine expected to be purchased throughout the reporting day for each purchase type and the total number of all other swine purchased since 1:30 p.m. central of the previous reporting day up to that time of the reporting day for each purchase type.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

SWINE NONCARCASS MERIT PREMIUM WEEKLY REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER		<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>
2. COMPANY NAME		
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS		
4. PLANT CITY		
5. PLANT STATE		
6. PLANT ZIP CODE		
7. CONTACT NAME		
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)		
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)		
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)	(NOT APPLICABLE)	
11a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Volume - Low Range		17a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Description
11b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Volume - High Range		17b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - Low Range
12a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Transportation - Low Range		17c. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - High Range
12b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Transportation - High Range		18a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Description
13a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Delivery Timing - Low Range		18b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - Low Range
13b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Delivery Timing - High Range		18c. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - High Range
14a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Breed - Low Range		19a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Description
14b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Breed - High Range		19b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - Low Range
15a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Pork Quality Assurance Low Range		19c. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - High Range
15b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Pork Quality Assurance High Range		20a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Description
16a. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Description		20b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - Low Range
16b. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - Low Range		20c. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - High Range
16c. NONCARCASS MERIT - Other Value - High Range		

Guideline

LP-120 Weekly Non-Carcass Merit Premium Swine Reporting

Enter the standard non-carcass merit premiums used during the prior slaughter week (11–15) in dollars per hundredweight. If a range of standard non-carcass merit premiums was used, enter the low side of the range (a) and the high side of the range (b). If only one value was used, enter the same number in (a) and (b). If no value for the specified merit was used, leave blank. For “other” categories (16–20), provide a brief description of the basis for the premium along with the value of the premium.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE LAMB DAILY REPORT
(Current Established Prices)

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	PURCHASE TYPE CODE	CLASS CODE	CLASSIFICATION CODE	PELT CODE
2. COMPANY NAME	1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = FORMULA/MARKETING ARRANGEMENT 3 = FORWARD CONTRACT	1 = SLAUGHTER LAMBS 2 = EWES 3 = RAMS/STAGS	1 = PRIME 2 = CHOICE 3 = GOOD 4 = UTILITY 5 = CULL	1 = WOOLED 2 = #1 FALL SHORN 3 = #2 4 = #3-4
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS				
4. PLANT CITY				
5. PLANT STATE				
6. PLANT ZIP CODE				
7. CONTACT NAME				
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)				
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)				
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)				
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION				
12. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)				
13. PURCHASE TYPE CODE				
14. CLASS CODE				
15a. SELLING BASIS (1 = Live; 2 = Dressed)				
15b. SELLING BASIS SHIPMENT (1 = FOB; 2 = Delivered)				
16. HEAD COUNT				
17a. WEIGHT RANGE - LOW (pounds)				
17b. WEIGHT RANGE - HIGH (pounds)				
18. ESTIMATED AVERAGE WEIGHT (pounds)				
19. AVERAGE PRICE (\$/cwt.)				
20. % CHOICE OR BETTER				
21. CLASSIFICATION CODE				
22. DRESSING PERCENTAGE				
23. ORIGIN (2-letter State postal abbr.)				
24. PELT CODE				
25a. PREMIUM PAID - WEIGHT (\$/cwt.)				
25b. PREMIUM PAID - QUALITY (\$/cwt.)				
25c. PREMIUM PAID - YIELD (\$/cwt.)				
25d. DISCOUNT PAID - WEIGHT (\$/cwt.)				
25e. DISCOUNT PAID - QUALITY (\$/cwt.)				
25f. DISCOUNT PAID - YIELD (\$/cwt.)				

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(NOT APPLICABLE)

Guideline

LP-121 Live Lamb Daily Report (Current Established Prices)

- (i) Lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Source (12). Enter “1”, domestic, if lambs were purchased inside of the 50 States, or “2”, imported, if lambs were purchased outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Purchase type code (13). Enter the code that describes the type of purchase.
- (iv) Class code (14). Enter the code that best describes the type of lambs.
- (v) Selling basis (15a–b). For 15a, enter “1” if lambs were purchased on a live basis or “2” if lambs were purchased on a dressed basis. For 15b, enter “1” if lambs are shipped on an FOB feedlot basis or “2” if lambs are delivered at the plant.
- (vi) Head count (16). Enter the quantity of lambs in the lot in number of head.
- (vii) Weight range (17a & 17b). Enter the lowest (17a) and highest (17b) weights for lambs in the lot in pounds.
- (viii) Estimated average weight (18). Enter the estimated average weight of the lot in pounds.
- (ix) Average price (19). Enter the price established on that day for the lot in dollars per hundredweight.
 - (I) For negotiated purchases, enter the final (net) price paid.
 - (II) For formula purchases, enter the net price.
 - (III) For forward contract purchases, enter the final (net) price paid.
- (x) Percent Choice or better (20). Enter the percentage of the number of lambs in the lot of a quality grade of Choice or better.
- (xi) Classification code (21). Enter the code which best describes the quality of the majority of the lambs in the lot.
- (xii) Dressing percentage (22). Enter an average dressing percentage for the lambs in the lot. For negotiated purchases, enter an estimate. For all other purchase types, enter the actual average dressing percentage.
- (xiii) Origin (23). Enter the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the State in which the lambs were fed to slaughter weight. Enter “CN” if lambs originate from Canada.
- (xiv) Pelt Code (24). Enter the code that best describes the type of pelt for the majority of lambs in the lot.
- (xv) Premiums and discounts paid (25a–f). Enter the total net value of the adjustment for the lot (in dollars per hundredweight) for any premiums associated with weight, quality, or yield expressed as a positive value and for any discounts associated with weight, quality, or yield expressed as a negative value in parenthesis.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE LAMB WEEKLY REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER		<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.</p> <p>Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>
2. COMPANY NAME		
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS		
4. PLANT CITY		
5. PLANT STATE		
6. PLANT ZIP CODE		
7. CONTACT NAME		
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)		
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)		
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)	(NOT APPLICABLE)	
SLAUGHTERED PACKER-OWNED LAMBS		
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION		19. DOMESTIC, FORWARD CONTRACT Head Count
12. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)		20. IMPORTED, FORWARD CONTRACT Head Count
13. HEAD COUNT		21. DOMESTIC, FORMULA ARRANGEMENT Head Count
14a. ACTUAL CARCASS WEIGHT RANGE - LOW		22. IMPORTED, FORMULA ARRANGEMENT Head Count
14b. ACTUAL CARCASS WEIGHT RANGE - HIGH		23. DOMESTIC, NEGOTIATED Head Count
15. ACTUAL AVERAGE CARCASS WEIGHT		24. IMPORTED, NEGOTIATED Head Count
16. AVERAGE DRESSING PERCENTAGE		FORWARD CONTRACT PURCHASED LAMBS
17. % YIELD GRADE 3 OR BETTER		25. LOT IDENTIFICATION
18. % QUALITY GRADE CHOICE OR BETTER		26. HEAD COUNT
		27. BASIS LEVEL (\$/cwt.)
		28. DELIVERY MONTH (3-letter abbreviation)

Guideline

LP-123 Live Lamb Weekly Report

- (i) Packer-Owned lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot of packer-owned lambs to the packer.
- (ii) Packer-Owned source (12). Enter “1”, domestic, if packer-owned lambs are from within the 50 States or “2”, imported, if lambs are from outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Packer-Owned head count (13). Enter the quantity of packer-owned lambs in the lot in number of head.
- (iv) Packer-Owned actual carcass weight range (14a & 14b). Enter the lowest (14a) and highest (14b) actual carcass weights for lambs in the lot in pounds.
- (v) Packer-Owned actual average carcass weight (15). Enter the actual average carcass weight of the lot of packer-owned lambs in pounds.
- (vi) Packer-Owned average dressing percentage (16). Enter the average dressing percentage of the lot of packer-owned lambs.
- (vii) Percentage yield grade 3 or better (17). Enter the percentage of packer-owned lambs in the lot of a yield grade of 3 or better.
- (viii) Quality grade percentage (18). Enter the percentage of packer-owned lambs in the lot of a quality grade of Choice or better.
- (ix) Prior week slaughtered lamb head counts (19–24). Enter the total number of head of lambs slaughtered for the prior week that were purchased through forward contracts, the total number of head for lambs purchased through formula arrangements, and the total number of head of lambs purchased through negotiated cash, categorized by domestic or imported sources. Enter this information once per each week’s submission.
- (x) Forward contract purchases lot identification (25). Enter code used to identify forward contracted lambs to the packer.
- (xi) Forward contract purchases head count (26). Enter quantity of forward contracted lambs in the lot in number of head.
- (xii) Forward contract purchases basis level (27). Enter the agreed upon adjustment to a future price to establish the final price of the forward contracted lambs in dollars per one hundred pounds.
- (xiii) Forward contract purchases delivery month (28). Enter the delivery month of the lambs purchased through forward contracts as a 3-letter abbreviation.
- (xiv) Committed lambs (29). Enter quantity of lambs committed to be delivered to the packer in number of head.
- (xv) Committed delivery month (30). Enter the delivery month of the lambs committed for delivery to the packer as a 3-letter abbreviation.
- (xvi) Committed delivery year (31). Enter the delivery year of the lambs committed for delivery to the packer as a 4-digit number.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LIVE LAMB WEEKLY REPORT
(Formula Purchases)

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>
2. COMPANY NAME	
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS	
4. PLANT CITY	
5. PLANT STATE	
6. PLANT ZIP CODE	
7. CONTACT NAME	
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)	
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)	
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)	
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION	
12. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)	
13. HEAD COUNT	
14. TOTAL POUNDS	
15. WEIGHTED AVERAGE CARCASS PRICE (\$/cwt.)	17a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT RANGE - LOW (\$/cwt.)
16a. PRICE RANGE - LOW (\$/cwt.)	17b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT RANGE - HIGH (\$/cwt.)
16b. PRICE RANGE - HIGH (\$/cwt.)	18. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT WEIGHTED AVERAGE (\$/cwt.)

Guideline

LP-124 Live Lamb Weekly Report (Formula Purchases)

- (i) Lot identification (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Source (12). Enter “1”, domestic, if lambs are purchased within the 50 States or “2”, imported, if lambs are purchased outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Head count (13). Enter the quantity of lambs in the lot in number of head.
- (iv) Total pounds (14). Enter the total quantity of lambs in the lot in pounds.
- (v) Weighted average carcass price (15). Enter the weighted average carcass price for the lambs in the lot in dollars per hundredweight.
- (vi) Range of prices paid (16a–b). Enter the lowest (16a) and the highest (16b) prices paid for the lambs in the lot in dollars per hundredweight.
- (vii) Range of premiums and discounts paid (17a–b). Enter the lowest (17a) and the highest (17b) premium and discount paid for the lot of lambs in dollars per hundredweight. Enter negative values in parenthesis.
- (viii) Weighted average of premiums and discounts paid (18). Enter the weighted average of the premiums and discounts paid for the lot of lambs in dollars per hundredweight. Enter negative values in parenthesis.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LAMB PREMIUMS AND DISCOUNTS WEEKLY REPORT



1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER				<p>NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 5 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotope, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>
2. COMPANY NAME				
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS				
4. PLANT CITY				
5. PLANT STATE				
6. PLANT ZIP CODE				
7. CONTACT NAME				
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)				
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)				
10. REPORTING TIME (1 = 10:00 a.m.; 2 = 2:00 p.m.)			(NOT APPLICABLE)	
11. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Prime				
12. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Choice				
13. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Good				
14. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Standard				
15. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Choice YG 2 or Better			29. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Woolled Pelt	
16. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Bucky			30. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - #1 Fall Shorn Pelt	
17. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Yearling or Older			31. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - #2 Fall Shorn Pelt	
18. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 1.0-2.0 (<=.16" Fat)			32. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - #3-4 Fall Shorn Pelt	
19. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 2.0-3.0 (<=.26" Fat)			33a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description	
20. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 3.0-4.0 (<=.36" Fat)			33b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value	
21. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 4.0-5.0 (<=.46" Fat)			34a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description	
22. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - YG 5.0/up (>=.46" Fat)			34b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value	
23. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Under 45 lbs. Carcass			35a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description	
24. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 45-55 lbs. Carcass			35b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value	
25. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 55-65 lbs. Carcass			36a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description	
26. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 65-75 lbs. Carcass			36b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value	
27. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - 75-85 lbs. Carcass			37a. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Description	
28. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Over 85 lbs. Carcass			37b. PREMIUM/DISCOUNT - Other Value	

Guideline

LP-125 Lamb Premiums and Discounts Weekly Report

Enter the premiums and discounts (in dollars per hundredweight) expected to be in effect for the current slaughter week for each applicable category of premium and discount (11–32). For “other” categories (33–37), provide a brief description of the basis for the premium/ discount along with the value of the premium/discount. Enter negative values in parenthesis.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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BOXED LAMB REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER		SALE TYPE CODE	DELIVERY PERIOD CODE	CLASSIFICATION CODE
2. COMPANY NAME		1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = FORMULA MARKETING ARRANGEMENT 3 = FORWARD CONTRACT	1 = 0-21 DAYS 2 = 22-60 DAYS 3 = 61-90 DAYS 4 = 91/UP DAYS	1 = PRIME 2 = CHOICE 3 = PRIME/CHOICE 4 = GOOD 5 = UNGRADED
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS		BRANDED PRODUCT CODE		
4. PLANT CITY		QUALITY	YIELD	
5. PLANT STATE		1 = PRIME 2 = CHOICE	1 = YIELD GRADE 2 or BETTER 2 = YIELD GRADE 1-3 3 = YIELD GRADE 4	
6. PLANT ZIP CODE		NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0186. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 5 minutes for importers and 10 minutes for domestic packers per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. USDA's Nondiscrimination Statement: In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English. To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; Fax: (202) 690-7442; or email: program.intake@usda.gov . USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.		
7. CONTACT NAME		(NOT APPLICABLE)		
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)				
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)				
10. REPORTING TIME				
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION OR PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER		18. WEIGHT (1=Light; 2=Medium; 3= Heavy; 4=Mixed)		
12. SOURCE (1 = Domestic; 2 = Imported)		19. TOTAL PRODUCT WEIGHT (pounds)		
13. SALE TYPE CODE		20. FOB PLANT PRICE (\$/cwt.)		
14. DELIVERY PERIOD CODE		21. USDA CERTIFIED SCHEDULE CODE (if applicable)		
15. REFRIGERATION (1 = Fresh; 2 = Frozen)		22a. BRANDED PRODUCT CODE - Quality		
16. CLASSIFICATION CODE		22b. BRANDED PRODUCT CODE - Yield		
17a. LAMB CUT - IMPS Code				
17b. LAMB CUT - Description (if IMPS not applicable)				

Guideline

LP-128 **Boxed Lamb Daily Report**

For lots comprising multiple items, provide information for each item in a separate record identified with the same lot identification or purchase order number.

- (i) Lot identification or purchase order number (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Destination/Source (12). Enter “1”, domestic, for product originating within the 50 States or “2”, imported, for product originating from outside of the 50 States.
- (iii) Sale type code (13). Enter the code corresponding to the sale type of the lot of boxed lamb.
- (iv) Delivery period code (14). Enter the code corresponding to the delivery time period of the lot of boxed lamb.
- (v) Refrigeration (15). Enter “1” if the product is sold in a fresh condition or “2” if the product is sold in a frozen condition.
- (vi) Classification code (16). Enter the code corresponding to the grade of the boxed lamb, if applicable.
- (vii) Lamb cut (17a–b). Enter the numerical code corresponding to the Institutional Meat Purchase Specifications (IMPS) (3 to 4 characters) (17a) or the internal corporate descriptor used to identify the product (17b). Descriptors must be entered consistently for all submissions.
- (viii) Weight (18). Enter the code corresponding to the relative weight of the product. Where weight is a factor, enter “1” to signify the lighter weight range, “2” to signify the middle weight range, or “3” to signify the heavier weight range. Where weight is not a factor, enter “4” to signify all weights or mixed.
- (ix) Total product weight (19). Enter the total weight of the boxed lamb cut in the lot in pounds.
- (x) Price (20). Enter the price received for each boxed lamb cut in the lot in dollars per one hundred pounds, FOB Plant basis.
- (xi) USDA Certified schedule code (21). Enter the code for the USDA Certified Program schedule, if applicable (e.g., CL, etc.); otherwise leave blank.
- (xii) Branded product code (22a–b). Enter the quality grade code (22a) and the yield grade code (22b) that best describes the brand. Leave blank if not applicable.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

LAMB CARCASS REPORT

1. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	TRANSACTION TYPE CODE	DELIVERY PERIOD CODE	CLASSIFICATION CODE	YIELD GRADE CODE
2. COMPANY NAME	1 = NEGOTIATED 2 = FORMULA MARKETING ARRANGEMENT 3 = FORWARD CONTRACT	1 = 0-14 DAYS 2 = 15 + Days	1 = PRIME 2 = CHOICE 3 = PRIME/CHOICE 4 = GOOD 5 = UNGRADED	1 = YG 1 2 = YG 2 3 = YG 3 4 = YG 4 5 = YG 5 6 = YG 1-2 7 = YG 2-3 8 = YG 3-4 9 = YG 4-5
3. PLANT STREET ADDRESS				
4. PLANT CITY				
5. PLANT STATE				
6. PLANT ZIP CODE				
7. CONTACT NAME				
8. PHONE NUMBER (include area code)				
9. REPORTING DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)				
10. REPORTING TIME	(NOT APPLICABLE)			
11. LOT IDENTIFICATION OR PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER				
12. TRANSACTION TYPE CODE				17a. EST. CARCASS WEIGHT RANGE - Low
13. FOB PLANT PRICE (\$/cwt.)				17b. EST. CARCASS WEIGHT RANGE - High
14. NUMBER OF CARCASSES				18. DELIVERY PERIOD CODE
15. CLASSIFICATION CODE				19. TRANSACTION BASIS (1 = Purchase; 2 = Sale)
16. YIELD GRADE CODE				

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Guideline

LP-129 Lamb Carcass Report

For lots comprised of distinct carcass weight range categories with different prices, provide information for each weight range in a separate record identified with the same lot identification or purchase order number.

- (i) Lot identification or purchase order number (11). Enter code used to identify the lot to the packer.
- (ii) Transaction type code (12). Enter the code corresponding to the transaction type of the lot of carcass lamb.
- (iii) FOB Plant Price (13). Enter the price received for the lamb carcasses in dollars per one hundred pounds, FOB Plant basis.
- (iv) Number of carcasses (14). Enter the total number of lamb carcasses in the lot.
- (v) Classification code (15). Enter the corresponding USDA quality grade code.
- (vi) Yield grade code (16). Enter the corresponding USDA yield grade code.
- (vii) Estimated carcass weight range (17a– b). Enter the lowest (17a) and highest (17b) weights (in pounds) that best describes the majority of the lamb carcasses in the lot.
- (viii) Delivery period code (18). Enter the code corresponding to the time period the lamb carcasses will deliver.
- (ix) Transaction basis (19). Enter “1” for purchased carcasses or “2” for sold carcasses.