

# **NOSB NATIONAL LIST FILE CHECKLIST**

## **PROCESSING**

**MATERIAL NAME:** #26 Yeast, Autolysate



**NOSB Database Form**



**References**



**MSDS (or equivalent)**



**FASP (FDA)**



**TAP Reviews from:** Joe Montecalvo, Rich  
Theuer

# **NOSB/NATIONAL LIST COMMENT FORM PROCESSING**

**Material Name: #26 Yeast, Autolysate**

*Please use this page to write down comments, questions, and your anticipated vote(s).*

**COMMENTS/QUESTIONS:**

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1. In my opinion, this material is:  
 Synthetic  Non-synthetic.

2. Should this material be allowed in an “organic food” (95% or higher organic ingredients)?  Yes  No  
**(IF NO, PROCEED TO QUESTION 3.)**

3. Should this substance be allowed in a “food made with organic ingredients” (50% or higher organic ingredients)?  Yes  No

# TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM for USDA/NOSB

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Complete both sides of page. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is due back to us by: Sept 5, 1995

Name of Material: Yeast autolyse

Reviewer Name: R Thewes

Is this substance Synthetic or non-synthetic? Explain (if appropriate)

NON-SYNTHETIC

If synthetic, how is the material made? (please answer here if our database form is blank)

This material should be added to the National List as:

Synthetic Allowed       Prohibited Natural

or,  Non-synthetic (Allowed as an ingredient in organic food)

Non-synthetic (Allowed as a processing aid for organic food)

or,  this material should not be on the National List

Are there any use restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material on the National List?

ALREADY LIMITED BY GMP-, FLAVOR COST

Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file:

Any additional comments? (attachments welcomed)

Do you have a commercial interest in this material?  Yes;  No

Signature R Thewes Date 8/28/95

**Please address the 7 criteria in the Organic Foods Production Act:  
(comment in those areas you feel are applicable)**

- (1) the potential of such substances for detrimental chemical interactions with other materials used in organic farming systems;**

*NONE*

- (2) the toxicity and mode of action of the substance and of its breakdown products or any contaminants, and their persistence and areas of concentration in the environment;**

*NO ISSUE - BIO DEGRADABLE*

- (3) the probability of environmental contamination during manufacture, use, misuse or disposal of such substance;**

*VERY SMALL*

- (4) the effect of the substance on human health;**

*POSITIVE UNLESS SENSITIVE TO MSG  
(MSG IS CREATED FROM PROTEIN DURING  
AUTOLYSIS)*

- (5) the effects of the substance on biological and chemical interactions in the agroecosystem, including the physiological effects of the substance on soil organisms (including the salt index and solubility of the soil), crops and livestock;**

*O/C*

- (6) the alternatives to using the substance in terms of practices or other available materials; and**

*CHEMICAL HYDROLYSATES, WHICH ARE SYNTHETIC*

- (7) its compatibility with a system of sustainable agriculture.**

*O/C*

# TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM for USDA/NOSB

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Complete both sides of page. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is due back to us by: Sept 5, 1995

Name of Material: Yeast Autolyse

Reviewer Name: DR. JOE MONTECALVO

Is this substance Synthetic or non-synthetic? Explain (if appropriate)

Non-Synthetic OR Synthetic

If synthetic, how is the material made? (please answer here if our database form is blank) - b/c the yeast cells (non-synthetic) are grown in organic medium.

And only physical separation methods ARE involved in the process. However if media is non-organic - then the Yeast Autolyse should be classified as Synthetic

This material should be added to the National List as:

Synthetic Allowed       Prohibited Natural

And/

or,  Non-synthetic (Allowed as an ingredient in organic food)

Non-synthetic (Allowed as a processing aid for organic food)

or,  this material should not be on the National List

Are there any use restrictions or limitations that should be placed on this material on the National List? None

Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file: good

Any additional comments? (attachments welcomed) - this is an example, I believe, of a food material which can be classified Synthetic (non-organic growth media) and Non-synthetic if grown on a organic growth media.

Do you have a commercial interest in this material?  Yes;  No

Signature

Dr. Joe Montecalvo

Date

8/22/95

**Please address the 7 criteria in the Organic Foods Production Act:  
(comment in those areas you feel are applicable)**

- (1) the potential of such substances for detrimental chemical interactions with other materials used in organic farming systems;**

*None*

- (2) the toxicity and mode of action of the substance and of its breakdown products or any contaminants, and their persistence and areas of concentration in the environment;** *None*

- (3) the probability of environmental contamination during manufacture, use, misuse or disposal of such substance;** *None*

- (4) the effect of the substance on human health;**

*None*

- (5) the effects of the substance on biological and chemical interactions in the agroecosystem, including the physiological effects of the substance on soil organisms (including the salt index and solubility of the soil), crops and livestock;**

*None*

- (6) the alternatives to using the substance in terms of practices or other available materials; and** *None*

- (7) its compatibility with a system of sustainable agriculture.**

*O.K.*

# NOSB Materials Database

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## Identification

Common Name	<b>Yeast autolysate</b>	Chemical Name
Other Names	yeast extracts	
Code #: CAS		Code #: Other
N. L. Category	Non-agricultural	MSDS <input type="radio"/> yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> no

## Chemistry

### **Family**

**Composition** Autolyzed yeast extract contains amino acids, peptides, and salts resulting from the acid-catalyzed hydrolysis of polypeptide bonds in naturally occurring enzymes present in edible yeast. It also contains the water-soluble components of the yeast cell.

**Properties** Liquid, paste or powder, or granular form. pH of 2% solution in water is between 4.5 and 6.0.

**How Made** Can be made from brewer's yeast (*S. cerevisiae* or *S. uvarum*), bakers' yeast (*S. cerevisiae*), alcohol-grown yeast (*Candida utilis*) or whey-grown yeast (*K. fragilis*). See other yeast entries for processes. To prepare the autolysate, the temperature of a cell suspension is raised to 45-55°C, at which the yeast cells die but their hydrolytic enzymes remain active. At the end of autolysis, the cell-wall material can be separated from the solubilized solids by centrifugation or filtration. The extract is then evaporated to a paste or spray dried to a powder.

## Use/Action

**Type of Use** Processing

**Specific Use(s)** Flavoring agent for soups, gravies, bouillon and cheese products. Used in fermentation media for the production of antibiotics, in cheese-starter culture, in production of vinegar.

**Action**

**Combinations**

## Status

**OPPA**

**N. L. Restriction**

**EPA, FDA, etc**

**Directions**

**Safety Guidelines**

**State Differences**

**Historical status**

**International status**

# NOSB Materials Database

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## OFPA Criteria

2119(m)1: chemical interactions      Not Applicable

2119(m)2: toxicity & persistence      Not Applicable

2119(m)3: manufacture & disposal consequences

biological manufacture

2119(m)4: effect on human health

Small concentrations of tyramine and histamine have been determined in yeast qutolysates. This limits the amounts in the diet to a very small percentage of the food intake.

2119(m)5: agroecosystem biology      Not Applicable

2119(m)6: alternatives to substance

2119(m)7: Is it compatible?

## References

AU: Borzani,-W.; Podlech,-P.A.S.; Luna,-M.F.; Jerke,-P.R.; Stein,-M.A.C.F.

TI: Kinetics of semicontinuous microbial transformation of whey by Lactobacillus bulgaricus varying the initial concentration of yeast autolysate.

SO: J-biotechnol. Amsterdam : Elsevier Science Publishers,. Oct 1993. v. 31 (1) p. 61-66.

CN: DNAL QH442.J69

AU: Kollar,-R.; Sturdik,-E.; Farkas,-V.

TI: Induction and acceleration of yeast lysis by addition of fresh yeast autolysate.

SO: Biotechnol-Lett. Middlesex : Science and Technology Letters. Aug 1991. v. 13 (8) p. 543-546.

CN: DNAL QR53.B56

AB: Addition of 15% v/v of fresh yeast autolysate to the baker's yeast suspension significantly accelerated cell autolysis. The addition of classical initiators of autolysis (NaCl, ethanol) led to further 20% increase of protein yield.

Kirk-Othmer Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology, 3rd edition, 1982. John Wiley & Sons, NY

AUG 94

CNUM=2927

E 1

10.

U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION  
FOOD ADDITIVE SAFETY PROFILE

**YEAST**  
~~ASP~~ AUTOLYSATE

S# : 977046755 HUMAN CONSUMPTION: 7.1045 MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON  
SP# : 2927 MARKET DISAPPEARANCE: 838333.333 LBS/YR  
PE : NEW MARKET SURVEY: 87  
S# : 0365 JECFA:  
MA# : JECFA ADI: MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON  
AS# : JECFA ESTABLISHED: LAST UPDATE: 940215  
: DENSITY: LOGP:  
STRUCTURE CATEGORIES: B7  
COMPONENTS:  
NONYMS: YEAST, AUTOLYZED  
AUTOLYZED YEAST  
EMICAL FUNCTION: F  
CHNICAL EFFECT: FLAVOR ENHANCER  
FLAVORING AGENT OR ADJUVANT  
ANTICAKING AGENT OR FREE-FLOW AGENT  
DRYING AGENT  
HUMECTANT  
MALTING OR FERMENTING AID  
LEAVENING AGENT  
NUTRIENT SUPPLEMENT

R REG NUMBERS:

NIMUM TESTING LEVEL: 3

MMENTS: NO TOX DATA

11.

U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION  
FOOD ADDITIVE SAFETY PROFILE

~~RECASTS~~

\S#:	977030399	HUMAN CONSUMPTION:	35.8757	MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON
\SP#:	2931	MARKET DISAPPEARANCE:	42333333 .333	LBS/YR
(PE:	NEW	MARKET SURVEY:	87	
\S#:	0333	JECFA:		
\MA#:		JECFA ADI:		
\AS#:		JECFA ESTABLISHED:		
		LAST UPDATE:		
V:		DENSITY:		LOGP:
STRUCTURE CATEGORIES:	B7			
COMPONENTS:				
/NONYMS:	LEVURE			
CHEMICAL FUNCTION:	G			
TECHNICAL EFFECT:		LEAVENING AGENT		
		MALTING OR FERMENTING AID		
		FLAVOR ENHANCER		
		FLAVORING AGENT OR ADJUVANT		
		NUTRIENT SUPPLEMENT		
		ANTICKAKING AGENT OR FREE-FLOW AGENT		
		DRYING AGENT		
		HUMECTANT		
IR REG NUMBERS:	160.105	160.185	160.145	
MINIMUM TESTING LEVEL:	3			
MENTS:				

AUG 94

CNUM=1569

U. S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION  
FOOD ADDITIVE SAFETY PROFILE

YEASTS, DRIED

S#:  
SP#:  
PE:  
S#:  
MAA:  
ASH#:

977009361  
1569  
ASP  
1186  
JECFA ADI:  
JECFA ESTABLISHED:

JECFA:

LAST UPDATE:  
931115

I:

DENSITY:

LOGP:

STRUCTURE CATEGORIES:

C23 C24

COMPONENTS:

'NONYMS:  
DRIED YEAST

EMICAL FUNCTION:

D

CHNICAL EFFECT:

LEAVENING AGENT  
FLAVOR ENHANCER  
FLAVORING AGENT OR ADJUVANT  
NUTRIENT SUPPLEMENT  
SOLVENT OR VEHICLE  
MALTING OR FERMENTING AID

R REG NUMBERS:

172.896  
137.235

139.122  
139.115

MINUM TESTING LEVEL: 3

MENTS:

X 4A: LOWEST EFFECT LEVEL OBSERVED IN ALL AVAILABLE RAT OR MOUSE STUDIES

XUDY:  
EICES:  
FFECTS:  
TESTS:

5A  
RAT  
NO EFFECTS  
>15000 MG/KG BW/DAY

MENTS: HIGHEST DOSE TESTED

12.

)X 4C: LOWEST EFFECT LEVEL OBSERVED IN ALL AVAILABLE STUDIES

TUDY: 5A COMPLETENESS: A RANKING FACTOR: 3.596E-4>  
 TYPE: RAT  
 SPECIES: NO EFFECTS  
 JRATION: NO EFFECTS  
 ITESTS:  
 COMMENTS: SEE BOX 4A

)X 6: HIGHEST OBSERVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL IN SPECIES OF BOX 4C

TUDY: 5A COMPLETENESS: A LEL: >NONE MG/KG BW/DAY  
 TYPE: CHRONIC RODENT  
 SPECIES: RAT  
 JRATION: 728 DAYS  
 IFFECTS: NO EFFECTS  
 ITESTS:  
 COMMENTS:

)X 9: ORAL TOXICITY STUDIES (OTHER THAN ACUTE)

TUDY: 5A COMPLETENESS: A SOURCE: FOOD COSMET TOXICOL 9:787-800  
 TYPE: CHRONIC RODENT YEAR: 1971  
 SPECIES: RAT LEL: > MG/KG BW/DAY  
 JRATION: 728 DAYS HNEL: 15000 MG/KG BW/DAY  
 IFFECTS:  
 ITESTS:  
 COMMENTS: YEASTS WERE GROWNS ON HYDROCARBONS

TUDY: 29 COMPLETENESS: C SOURCE: ASP 001569  
 TYPE: SUBCHRONIC RODENT YEAR: 1976  
 SPECIES: RAT LEL: > MG/KG BW/DAY  
 JRATION: 90 DAYS HNEL: 30000 MG/KG BW/DAY  
 IFFECTS:  
 ITESTS:  
 COMMENTS:

TUDY: 30 COMPLETENESS: C SOURCE: ASP 001569  
 TYPE: SUBCHRONIC RODENT YEAR: 1976  
 SPECIES: RAT LEL: > MG/KG BW/DAY  
 JRATION: 90 DAYS HNEL: 30000 MG/KG BW/DAY  
 IFFECTS:  
 ITESTS:  
 COMMENTS:

TUDY: 4 COMPLETENESS: A SOURCE: FOOD COSMET TOXICOL 8:499-507  
 TYPE: SUBCHRONIC RODENT YEAR: 1970  
 SPECIES: RAT LEL: > MG/KG BW/DAY  
 JRATION: 365 DAYS HNEL: 15000 MG/KG BW/DAY  
 IFFECTS:  
 ITESTS: